



State of West Virginia
 Department of Administration
 Purchasing Division
 2019 Washington Street East
 Post Office Box 50130
 Charleston, WV 25305-0130

Request for Quotation

RFQ NUMBER
 DNR211037

PAGE
 1

ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE TO ATTENTION OF
 FRANK WHITTAKER
 304-558-2316

PURCHASING

RFQ COPY
 TYPE NAME/ADDRESS HERE

John Deere Landscapes
1385 East 36th Street
Cleveland, Ohio 44114

SHIP TO

DIVISION OF TOURISM & PARKS
 PARKS & RECREATION
 1900 KANAWHA BOULEVARD EAST
 BUILDING 6, ROOM B-451
 CHARLESTON, WV
 25305-0314

DATE PRINTED	TERMS OF SALE	SHIP VIA	F.O.B.	FREIGHT TERMS
10/01/2010				

BID OPENING DATE	QUANTITY	UOP	CAT NO	ITEM NUMBER	BID OPENING TIME	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
10/27/2010	1	LS		335-37	01:30PM		

0001	1	LS		335-37			
<p>FERTILIZER/FUNGICIDE AND/OR INSECTICIDE</p> <p>THE WEST VIRGINIA PURCHASING DIVISION, FOR THE AGENCY, THE WEST VIRGINIA DIVISION OF NATURAL RESOURCES, IS SOLICITING BIDS FOR GOLF COURSE CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZER FOR TWIN FALLS STATE PARK PER THE ATTACHED SPECIFICATIONS.</p> <p>ALL TECHNICAL QUESTIONS MUST BE SUBMITTED IN WRITING TO FRANK WHITTAKER IN THE WV PURCHASING DIVISION VIA EMAIL AT FRANK.M.WHITTAKER@WV.GOV OR VIA FAX AT 304-558-4115. DEADLINE FOR TECHNICAL QUESTIONS IS 10/12/2010 AT 4:00 PM. ALL TECHNICAL QUESTIONS WILL BE ADDRESSED BY ADDENDUM AFTER THE DEADLINE.</p> <p>BANKRUPTCY: IN THE EVENT THE VENDOR/CONTRACTOR FILES FOR BANKRUPTCY PROTECTION, THE STATE MAY DEEM THE CONTRACT NULL AND VOID, AND TERMINATE SUCH CONTRACT WITHOUT FURTHER ORDER.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">NOTICE</p> <p>A SIGNED BID MUST BE SUBMITTED TO:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION PURCHASING DIVISION BUILDING 15 2019 WASHINGTON STREET, EAST CHARLESTON, WV 25305-0130</p>							

RECEIVED

2010 OCT 25 P 12:10

PURCHASING DIVISION
 STATE OF WV

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR TERMS AND CONDITIONS

SIGNATURE <i>Margaret Orzabal</i>	TELEPHONE 800-321-5325	DATE 10/15/10
TITLE Senior Bid Rep	FEIN 36-4485550	ADDRESS CHANGES TO BE NOTED ABOVE

WHEN RESPONDING TO RFQ, INSERT NAME AND ADDRESS IN SPACE ABOVE LABELED 'VENDOR'

GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS
REQUEST FOR QUOTATION (RFQ) AND REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL (RFP)

1. Awards will be made in the best interest of the State of West Virginia.
2. The State may accept or reject in part, or in whole, any bid.
3. Prior to any award, the apparent successful vendor must be properly registered with the Purchasing Division and have paid the required \$125 fee.
4. All services performed or goods delivered under State Purchase Order/Contracts are to be continued for the term of the Purchase Order/Contracts, contingent upon funds being appropriated by the Legislature or otherwise being made available. In the event funds are not appropriated or otherwise available for these services or goods this Purchase Order/Contract becomes void and of no effect after June 30.
5. Payment may only be made after the delivery and acceptance of goods or services.
6. Interest may be paid for late payment in accordance with the *West Virginia Code*.
7. Vendor preference will be granted upon written request in accordance with the *West Virginia Code*.
8. The State of West Virginia is exempt from federal and state taxes and will not pay or reimburse such taxes.
9. The Director of Purchasing may cancel any Purchase Order/Contract upon 30 days written notice to the seller.
10. The laws of the State of West Virginia and the *Legislative Rules* of the Purchasing Division shall govern the purchasing process.
11. Any reference to automatic renewal is hereby deleted. The Contract may be renewed only upon mutual written agreement of the parties.
12. **BANKRUPTCY:** In the event the vendor/contractor files for bankruptcy protection, the State may deem this contract null and void, and terminate such contract without further order.
13. **HIPAA BUSINESS ASSOCIATE ADDENDUM:** The West Virginia State Government HIPAA Business Associate Addendum (BAA), approved by the Attorney General, is available online at www.state.wv.us/admin/purchase/vrc/hipaa.htm and is hereby made part of the agreement. Provided that the Agency meets the definition of a Cover Entity (45 CFR §160.103) and will be disclosing Protected Health Information (45 CFR §160.103) to the vendor.
14. **CONFIDENTIALITY:** The vendor agrees that he or she will not disclose to anyone, directly or indirectly, any such personally identifiable information or other confidential information gained from the agency, unless the individual who is the subject of the information consents to the disclosure in writing or the disclosure is made pursuant to the agency's policies, procedures, and rules. Vendor further agrees to comply with the Confidentiality Policies and Information Security Accountability Requirements, set forth in <http://www.state.wv.us/admin/purchase/privacy/noticeConfidentiality.pdf>.
15. **LICENSING:** Vendors must be licensed and in good standing in accordance with any and all state and local laws and requirements by any state or local agency of West Virginia, including, but not limited to, the West Virginia Secretary of State's Office, the West Virginia Tax Department, and the West Virginia Insurance Commission. The vendor must provide all necessary releases to obtain information to enable the director or spending unit to verify that the vendor is licensed and in good standing with the above entities.
16. **ANTITRUST:** In submitting a bid to any agency for the State of West Virginia, the bidder offers and agrees that if the bid is accepted the bidder will convey, sell, assign or transfer to the State of West Virginia all rights, title and interest in and to all causes of action it may now or hereafter acquire under the antitrust laws of the United States and the State of West Virginia for price fixing and/or unreasonable restraints of trade relating to the particular commodities or services purchased or acquired by the State of West Virginia. Such assignment shall be made and become effective at the time the purchasing agency tenders the initial payment to the bidder.

I certify that this bid is made without prior understanding, agreement, or connection with any corporation, firm, limited liability company, partnership, or person or entity submitting a bid for the same material, supplies, equipment or services and is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud. I further certify that I am authorized to sign the certification on behalf of the bidder or this bid.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

1. Use the quotation forms provided by the Purchasing Division. Complete all sections of the quotation form.
2. Items offered must be in compliance with the specifications. Any deviation from the specifications must be clearly indicated by the bidder. Alternates offered by the bidder as **EQUAL** to the specifications must be clearly defined. A bidder offering an alternate should attach complete specifications and literature to the bid. The Purchasing Division may waive minor deviations to specifications.
3. Unit prices shall prevail in case of discrepancy. All quotations are considered F.O.B. destination unless alternate shipping terms are clearly identified in the quotation.
4. All quotations must be delivered by the bidder to the office listed below prior to the date and time of the bid opening. Failure of the bidder to deliver the quotations on time will result in bid disqualifications: Department of Administration, Purchasing Division, 2019 Washington Street East, P.O. Box 50130, Charleston, WV 25305-0130
5. Communication during the solicitation, bid, evaluation or award periods, except through the Purchasing Division, is strictly prohibited (W.Va. C.S.R. §148-1-6.6).



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DIVISION OF TOURISM & PARKS
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 1900 KANAWHA BOULEVARD EAST
 BUILDING 6, ROOM B-451
 CHARLESTON, WV
 25305-0314

DATE PRINTED	TERMS OF SALE	SHIP VIA	F.O.B.	FREIGHT TERMS
10/01/2010				

BID OPENING DATE: 10/27/2010 BID OPENING TIME: 01:30PM

LINE	QUANTITY	UOP	CAT NO	ITEM NUMBER	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<p>THE BID SHOULD CONTAIN THIS INFORMATION ON THE FACE OF THE ENVELOPE OR THE BID MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED:</p> <p>SEALED BID</p> <p>BUYER: 44</p> <p>RFQ. NO.: DNR211037</p> <p>BID OPENING DATE: 10/27/2010</p> <p>BID OPENING TIME: 1:30 PM</p> <p>PLEASE PROVIDE A FAX NUMBER IN CASE IT IS NECESSARY TO CONTACT YOU REGARDING YOUR BID: ----- 248-581-1433 -----</p> <p>CONTACT PERSON (PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY): ----- Bid Department / Keith McGinty -----</p>						

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR TERMS AND CONDITIONS

SIGNATURE <i>Margaret Dvoznik</i>	TELEPHONE 800-321-5325 x 2560	DATE 10/15/10
TITLE Senior Bid Rep	FEIN 36-4485550	ADDRESS CHANGES TO BE NOTED ABOVE

WHEN RESPONDING TO RFQ, INSERT NAME AND ADDRESS IN SPACE ABOVE LABELED 'VENDOR'

GOLF COURSE CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZER SPECIFICATIONS TWIN FALLS RESORT STATE PARK

Item No.	Quantity	Description	Unit Price	Amount	
1.	4 cases	Armor Tech PRZ 443 Fungicide. Active ingredient Propiconazole: 1 [(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-Propyl-1,3-Dioxolan-2-yl] Methyl]-1H-1,2,4-Triazole, 14.3%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #084930	530.00/cs	2120.00	LESCO Spectator Ultra
2.	4 cases	Robigan Turf Fungicide. Active ingredient Alpha-(2-Chlorophenyl) Alpha-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-Pyrimidine-Methanol (Fenarimol), 11.6%; 2 x 1 gal. per case or equal. #086258	720.70/cs	2883.04	
3.	4 cases	Armor Tech IP 233 Fungicide. Active ingredient Iprodione: 3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-Methylethyl)-2,4-Dioxo-1-Hydroimidazole-5-carboxamide, 23.3%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #0915360	344.56/cs	1378.24	LESCO 18+
4.	4 cases	Armor Tech TM 462 Fungicide. Active ingredient Thiophanate-Methyl, 16.2%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #090869	375.56/cs	1502.24	LESCO T-Storm
5.	4 cases	Armor Tech CLT 720 Fungicide. Active ingredient Chlorothalonil (Tetrachloroisophthalonitrile), 53.0%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #084901	162.36/cs	649.44	LESCO manicure 6PL
6.	4 cases	Qual-Pro Chlorothalonil 500 AN Flowable Fungicide. Active ingredient Chlorothalonil (Tetrachloroisophthalonitrile), 38.3%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #084902	188.95/cs	755.80	Echo ZN
7.	4 cases	ProStar 70 WP Fungicide. Active ingredient Fludioxonil-N-[3-(1-Methylethoxy)Phenyl]-2-(Trifluoromethyl)Benzamide, 70.0%; 4 x 3 lb. per case or equal. #091477	804.72/cs	3218.88	(KAT)
8.	2 cases	Qual-Pro Metenoxam AQ Fungicide. Active ingredient Metenoxam (R)-2-[(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)methoxyacetyl]amino] Propionic Acid Methyl Ester, 22.5%; 2 x 1 gal. per case or equal. #084908	920.90/cs	1841.80	
9.	22 bags	Anderson's Fungicide DX. Active ingredient Chloroneb, (1,4-Dichloro-2,5-Dimethoxybenzene), 6.26%; 42 lb. bags per case or equal.	NO BID		
10.	3 cases	Dylax 420 SL Insecticide. Active ingredient Trichlorfon, 37.3%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #091093	395.56/cs	1186.68	
11.	4 cases	Gordon's Bensumec 4 LF Preemergent Grass & Weed Herbicide. Active ingredient Bensulfide S-(D,O)-Diisopropyl Phosphorodithioate Ester of N-(2-Mercapto)Benzenesulfonamide, 46.0%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #051448	568.54/cs	2274.16	
12.	5 cases	Rivendale MCPP-P4 Amine Herbicide. Active ingredient Dimethylamine Salt of (+)-R-2-(2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxy) Propionic Acid. #097404 28.0%. NOTE: Isomer Specific Method, Equivalent to: (+)-R-2-(2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxy) Propionic Acid: 21.5%, 1.9 lbs. Contains the Single Isomer Form of Mecoprop-P. 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal.	119.45/cs	597.25	Gordon's Mecomec
13.	4 cases	Cascade Plus Deeper Roots Wetting Agent. Active ingredient Proprietary Blend of Surfactants, Polyethylene and Polypropylene Glycols, 100%; 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal.	NO BID		
14.	5 cases	Foliar-Pak 22-0-4 Liquid Fertilizer. Active ingredient Total Nitrogen 22.0%, Urea 13.0%, Slowly Available Water Soluble Nitrogen 6.0%, Ammonical Nitrogen 1.5%, Nitrate Nitrogen 1.5%, Soluble Potash (K ₂ O) 4.0%, Iron (FE) 25.0%, Manganese (MN) 10.0%, Amino Acids By Volume 1.25%. 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal.	NO BID		
15.	4 cases	Turf Vigor 9-3-6 with Beneficial Microbes Liquid Fertilizer. Active ingredient Total Nitrogen (N) 9.00% (Urea Nitrogen), Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) 3.00%, Soluble Potash (K ₂ O) 6.00%, Total Iron (FE) 0.60% (Chelated Iron), Total Manganese (MN) 0.05% (Chelated Manganese), Total Zinc (ZN) 0.05% (Chelated Zinc), 2 x 2.5 gal. per case or equal. #088672	178.95/cs	715.80	

GOLF COURSE CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZER SPECIFICATIONS
TWIN FALLS RESORT STATE PARK

Page No.- 2 -

16.	100 bags	Fertilizer, 19-3-5 with Team Pro. 86%; 50 lb. bags per case or equal.	No Bid		
17.	130 bags	Fertilizer, 21-0-8 with 2% Grubout. 50 lb. bags per case or equal. #08210	25.75	3347.50	ment 24-0-11
18.	40 bags	Fertilizer, Shaws 21-3-16, 97% Nutralene Greens. 50 lb. bags per case or equal. #090728	53.50	2140.00	Lebanon 24-0-10
19.	40 bags	Fertilizer, Shaws 19-0-19 with 73% M.U. Greens Homogenous. 50 lb. bags per case or equal. #090729	51.25	2050.00	
TOTAL				26,660.83	(KAT)

All items are to F.O.B. Destination. Freight or Delivery Charges must be included in the price of the line item cost.

LESCO[®] SPECTATOR[™] Ultra[®] FUNGICIDE

Broad Spectrum and Systemic Fungicide for Turf and Ornamentals and
A Flare Root-Injected Systemic Fungicide for Control of Selected Diseases in Trees

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Propiconazole	14.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	85.7%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 1.3 lbs. active ingredient per gallon

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Distributed by: **LESCO, Inc.**
1301 East 9th Street
Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

EPA REG. NO. 79676-8-10-04
EPA EST. NO. indicated by the 8th digit of the batch number on this package.
(A) = 4-NY-001; (C) = 5905-GA-001; (F) = 53883-TX-002;
(G) = 67546-AZ-001; (P) = 34704-WS-2
Product of China, Brazil, Switzerland, and Israel. Formulated in the
United States from U.S. and imported ingredients.
LESCO and Manicure are registered trademarks and Spectator, LESCO 18 Plus,
and the sweeping design are trademarks of LESCO Technologies, LLC.
(081004) Rev. 12/05 LL

#084904
NET CONTENTS: 1 gal (3.79 L)

nlfrinch DBH. Retreatment may be needed every 12-36 months. Trees in
and to treatment.
ontrol of Dutch elm disease, consult your local extension agent.
retreatment.

DANGER AND DISPOSAL
cool area out of the reach of children.
proper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinseate is a
disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State
azardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for

When offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of
state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY
of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using
product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.
ed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated
independent consequences may result because of such factors as manner
rills or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are
nt allowable under State law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer
; and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.
chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes
risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under
the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal
le to or beyond the control of Seller or LESCO, Inc. and Buyer and User
S. NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A
3. IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

idental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use of
**THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF LESCO, INC.,
MAJURES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF
LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING
PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF LESCO,
CT.**
User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation
cept by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of
ESCO 18 Plus[™] is a trademark of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

showing disease symptoms should be made at 10-20 m/inch DBH. Retreatment may be needed every 12-36 months. Trees in advanced stages of disease development may not respond to treatment. For further information on the proper diagnosis and control of Dutch elm disease, consult your local extension agent. Refer to the **General Information** section for details on retreatment.

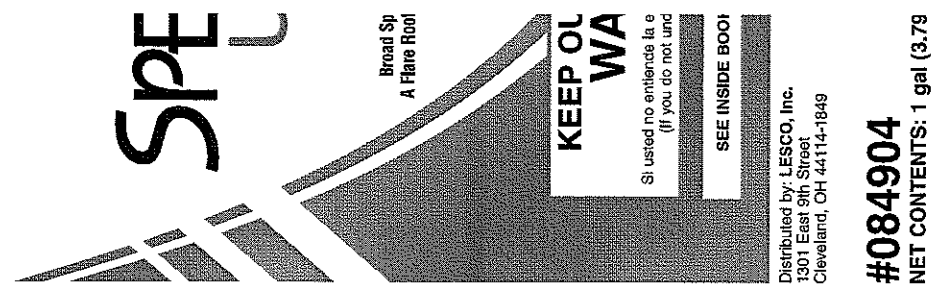
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.
PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a cool area out of the reach of children.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY
NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded. The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LESCO, Inc. or Seller. To the extent allowable under State law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold LESCO, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors. LESCO, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller of LESCO, Inc. and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. LESCO, Inc. MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE. In no event shall LESCO, Inc. or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF LESCO, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF LESCO, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.** LESCO, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of LESCO, Inc. LESCO® and Manticure® are registered trademarks and LESCO 18 Plus™ is a trademark of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

ke notes on the level of disease in each tree. Reevaluate disease potential need for retreatment with LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 months after the initial injection. Trees in high disease risk areas : 12 months after each treatment.

ons; new drill holes will be needed for subsequent treatments.
T: OAKS
r of water per inch DBH. For very high disease pressure, 20 ml sed.
1 the upper Midwest between May 15 and June 15 attract insects have the best chance of responding to treatment by LESCO fective than therapeutic treatment. Trees in advanced stages of

spector Ultra 1.3 Fungicide-water solution within 2 hours when use symptomless trees immediately adjacent to a diseased tree a primary plow line from diseased trees may be at less risk of e to the vascular plugging caused by the disease. If the LESCO thin 24 hours, the tree is considered high risk and has a poor ent.
CRABAPPLES
r of water per inch trunk diameter. For trees less than 10 inches 3 per inch trunk diameter. Make applications when the trees are at disease development. Disease symptoms may not be reduced ent.
E: SYCAMORE
r of water per inch DBH. For trees less than 10 inches DBH, use e applications when the trees are in full leaf and actively growing ent.
FEASE IN ELMS
liter of water per inch DBH. For very high disease pressure, 20 3 Used, since LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide only provides control jicide will be most effective when used in conjunction with other disease (removal of dead elm trees, pruning of diseased tree e applications can be made at 6-10 m/inch DBH. The 6 ml rate provide 36 months control. (4) Therapeutic treatment in trees 2



#084904
NET CONTENTS: 1 gal (3.79

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	
If ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.	

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING**

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wear goggles or face shield. Wear rubber gloves and a long sleeve shirt when mixing, handling and/or applying the product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category C on EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

- Applicators and other handlers must wear:**
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
 - Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber \geq 14 mils, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils
 - Shoes plus socks
 - Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.24(b)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should:**
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using restrooms.
 - Remove clothing immediately, if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
 - Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of PPE thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surficial water may be present, or to areas where runoff may occur. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the labeling on the container. For any requirements for use that are not included in this label, the user must consult the labeling on the container. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agricultural extension agent for your State or Tribe. Consult the agricultural extension agent for your State or Tribe. For any requirements for use that are not included in this label, the user must consult the labeling on the container. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agricultural extension agent for your State or Tribe. Consult the agricultural extension agent for your State or Tribe. For any requirements for use that are not included in this label, the user must consult the labeling on the container. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agricultural extension agent for your State or Tribe.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, ranches, or greenhouses. It contains requirements for training, assistance, notification of workers, and restricted-entry interval (REI). It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard is listed on the label. PPE that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber \geq 14 mils, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR Part 170]. The WPS applies when this product is used on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

oilet.
I put on clean clothing.
s before removing. As soon as possible,
aler is present, or to intertidal areas below
washwater.

labeling. Do not apply this product in a way
ected handlers may be in the area during
responsible for pesticide regulation.
ere per calendar year.

ection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This
forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and
amination, notification, and emergency
he requirements in this box only apply to
erval (REI) of 24 hours.
ection Standard and that involves contact
itir/le rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber

scope of the Worker Protection Standard
is used to produce agricultural plants on

GENERAL INFORMATION

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is a systemic fungicide for use on turfgrasses for the control of:
Anthracnose (*Colletotrichum graminicola*)
Brown patch (*Rhizoctonia solani*)
Dollar spot (*Sclerotinia homoeocarpa*)
Fusarium patch (*Fusarium graminearum*)
Gray leafspot (*Pyricularia grisea*)
Gray snowmold (*Typhula* spp.)
Leafspot (*Bipolaris* spp., *Brachysetra* spp.)
Necrotic ring spot (*Lepidosaphaeria korrae*)
Pink patch (*Limonomyces rosaeopolis*)
Pink snowmold (*Microdochium nivale*)
Powdery mildew (*Erysiphe graminis*)
LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide also controls numerous diseases on ornamentals and other landscape and nursery plantings such as powdery mildews, rusts, leafspots, scabs, and blights. Refer to the appropriate section of this label for specified diseases and plants.
Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Fill the spray tank 1/2 - 3/4 full with water. Add the proper amount of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide, then add the remaining water. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.
If LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is tank mixed with other products, use the following sequence:
1. Always check the compatibility of the tank mix using a jar test with proportionate amounts of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide, other chemicals to be used, and the water, before mixing in the spray tank.
2. Provide sufficient jet or mechanical agitation during filling and application to keep the tank mix uniformly suspended.
3. Fill tank at least 1/2 full of clean water.
4. Add wettable powders to the tank first, allowing them to completely suspend in the tank before proceeding. Premixing the product in water before adding to the tank will hasten the process.
5. Add flowables or suspensions next.
6. Add the proper amount of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide
7. Add emulsifiable concentrates last.
8. Do not leave tank mix combinations in the spray tank for prolonged periods without agitation. Mix and apply them the same day.

TANK MIXES

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide can be tank mixed with other fungicides for broader spectrum control. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is also compatible with numerous herbicides and insecticides. Check compatibility before tank mixing. Add Unife® (3 pts./100 gals.) to tank mixes which are incompatible. Follow the directions under "Mixing Instructions" for tank mixes. Observe all directions, precautions, and limitations on labeling of all products used in tank mixes. Tank mixtures or other applications or products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

TURFGRASS AND DICHOCHDRA DISEASE CONTROL

1. Use LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in a preventative disease control program.
2. Apply after mowing OR allow sprayed area to completely dry before mowing.
3. For control of soil-borne diseases, LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide can be watered in after application.
4. For control of foliar diseases, allow sprayed area to completely dry before irrigation.
5. For optimum turf quality and disease control, use LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant health and optimum disease control.
6. Proper diagnosis of the organism causing the disease is important prior to using any fungicide. Use of diagnostic kits or other means of identification of the disease organism is essential to determine the best control measures.
7. Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage.

8. Under conditions optimum for high disease pressure, use 1 oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
 9. Evaluate spray additives prior to use. Label directions are to be followed.
 10. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. per calendar year.
- Important:** Bermudagrass can be sensitive to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide. Bermudagrass may be sensitive to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on any variety of bermudagrass. In Florida, do not apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to bermudagrass when temperatures exceed 90°F.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASES

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre
Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i>)	0.5	22
	0.5	22
	1	44
	1-2	44-88
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>)	1-2	44-88

For use on the control of:
(Laetisaria tuciformis)
(Erysiphe graminis)
 spot (*Leptosphaeria korrae*,
Trichia, Gaumannomyces graminis)
(Ustilago striiformis and
Ustilago striiformis)
(Magnaporthe poae)
(Gaeumannomyces graminis)
 1 (*Rhizoctonia cerealis*)
 1 (*Rhizoctonia solani*)

in ornamentals and other landscape and nursery
 Refer to the appropriate section of this label for

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide, then add the
 to maintain a uniform emulsion.
 is the following sequence:
 portionate amounts of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3
 to spray tank.
 to keep the tank mix uniformly suspended.

pend in the tank before proceeding. Premixing the

without agitation. Mix and apply them the same day.

as for broader spectrum control. LESCO Spectator
 sides. Check compatibility before tank mixing. Add
 actions under "Mixing Instructions" for tank mixes.
 icts used in tank mixes. Tank mixtures or other
 use states in which the referenced products are

SE CONTROL
 of program.
 wing,
 can be watered in after application.
 re irrigation.

1.3 Fungicide in conjunction with turf management
 or to using any fungicide. Use of diagnostic kits or
 forming the best control measures.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASE:

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	F
Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	1-2	2
Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>) Rust (<i>Puccinia graminis</i>)	1-2	2
Pink Patch (<i>Limonomyces rosaeipellis</i>) Red Thread (<i>Laetisaria tuciformis</i>)	2	
Stripe Smut (<i>Ustilago striiformis</i>) (<i>Urocystis agropyri</i>)	1-2	2
Gray Leafspot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	1-2	2
Melting Out, Leaf Spot (<i>Bipolaris</i> spp.) (<i>Drachisiera</i> spp.)	1-2	4

8. Under conditions optimum for high disease pressure, use the higher rate and the shorter interval.
 9. Evaluate spray additives prior to use. Label directions are based on data obtained with no additives.
 10. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. per calendar year.
Important: Bermudagrass can be sensitive to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide. Do not exceed 4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. every 30 days on any variety of bermudagrass. In Florida, do not apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to bermudagrass golf course greens when temperatures exceed 90°F.
Note: Do not feed clippings from treated areas to livestock or poultry. Do not graze animals on treated areas.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASES, RATES, AND APPLICATION TIMING

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/Timing	Instructions
Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i>)	0.5	22	7 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
	0.5	22	14 days	Tank mix with low label rate of one of the following fungicides: Manicure® 6FL Manicure® Ultra LESCO® 18 Plus™
	1	44	21-28 days	Tank mix with low label rate of one of the following fungicides: Manicure® 6FL Manicure® Ultra LESCO® 18 Plus™
	1-2	44-88	14-28 days	If using the 1-2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate without tank mixing, make no more than 3 consecutive applications for dollar spot control before rotating to an alternate EPA-registered fungicide having a different mode of action.
Anthraxnose (<i>Cellularium graminicola</i>)	1-2	44-88	14-28 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Use higher rates of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. For broad-spectrum control, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. If disease is present, mix 2 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per 1,000 sq. ft. with the label rate of the above mentioned contact fungicides.

higher rate and the shorter interval, on data obtained with no additives.

a 1.3 Fungicide. Do not exceed 4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. every ESICO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to bermudagrass golf.

y. Do not graze animals on treated areas.

ES, AND APPLICATION TIMING

Application Interval/Timing	Instructions
7 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
14 days	Tank mix with low label rate of one of the following fungicides: Manicure® 6FL, Manicure® Ultra
21-28 days	Tank mix with low label rate of one of the following fungicides: Manicure® 6FL, Manicure® Ultra, LESCO® 18 Plus™
14-28 days	If using the 1-2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate without tank mixing, make no more than 3 consecutive applications for dollar spot control before rotating to an alternate EPA-registered fungicide having a different mode of action.
14-28 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Use higher rates of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. For broad-spectrum control, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. If disease is present, mix 2 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicides per 1,000 sq. ft. with the label rate of the above mentioned contact fungicides.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASES, RATES, AND APPLICATION TIMING (continued)

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/Timing	Instructions
Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	1-2	44-88	14-21 days	Tank mix with a registered contact fungicide labeled for brown patch control at the label rate. Begin applications in May or June before the disease is present. Use the higher rates of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and shorter intervals under conditions of high temperatures and high humidity.
Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>) Rust (<i>Puccinia graminis</i>)	1-2	44-88	14-28 days	Make applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. If disease is present, use 2 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per 1,000 sq. ft.
Pink Patch (<i>Limonomyces roseipellis</i>) Red Thread (<i>Laetisaria fuciformis</i>)	2	88	14-21 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Stripe Smut (<i>Ustilago striiformis</i>) (<i>Urocystis agropyri</i>)	1-2	44-88	Fall or Spring	Apply once in the fall after grass becomes dormant or in the early spring before grass starts to grow.
Gray Leafspot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	1-2	44-88	14 days	Make applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. If using the 1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.
Melting Out, Leaf Spot (<i>Bipolaris</i> spp.) (<i>Drachsteinia</i> spp.)	1-2	44-176	14 days	Under light to moderate pressure, apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to reduce the severity of leaf spot and melting out caused by Helminthosporium-type pathogens. For broad spectrum disease control, tank mix the 1 fl. oz. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide rate with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. Tank mix the 1-2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide rate with a registered contact fungicide at the labeled rate.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC D

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
Summer Patch, Poa Patch (<i>Magnaporthe poae</i>)	2
Take-All Patch (<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i>)	4
Spring Dead Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i> , <i>Ophiostoma narmati</i> , <i>Herpotricha</i> , <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i>)	4
Nearectic Ring Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i>)	4
Gray Snowmold (<i>Typhula</i> spp.) Pink Snowmold (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	2-4
Fusarium Patch (<i>Fusarium nivale</i>) Yellow Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia cerealis</i>)	2-4 3-4

INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICATION TIMING (continued)

Application Interval/Timing	Instructions
14-21 days	Tank mix with a registered contact fungicide labeled for brown patch control at the label rate. Begin applications in May or June before the disease is present. Use the higher rates of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and shorter intervals under conditions of high temperatures and high humidity.
14-28 days	Make applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. If disease is present, use 2 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per 1,000 sq. ft.
14-21 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Fall or Spring	Apply once in the fall after grass becomes dormant or in the early spring before grass starts to grow.
14 days	Make applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. If using the 1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.
14 days	Under light to moderate pressure, apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to reduce the severity of leaf spot and melting out caused by Helminthosporium-type pathogens. For broad spectrum disease control, tank mix the 1 fl. oz. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide rate with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. Tank mix the 1-2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide rate with a registered contact fungicide at the labeled rate.

TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASES, RATES, AND APPLICATION TIMING (continued)

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/Timing	Instructions
Summer Patch (<i>Magnaporthe poae</i>)	2	88	14 days	Apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide beginning in April. Use the 2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate on a 14 day schedule and the 4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate on a 28 day schedule.
Take-All Patch (<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i>)	2-4	88-176	Spring and Fall	LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide can be applied to reduce the severity of take-all patch. Make 1-2 fall applications in September and October or when night temperatures drop to 55°F, and 1-2 spring applications in April and May, depending on local recommendations.
Spring Dead Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i> , <i>Leptosphaeria harrnari</i> , <i>Ophiostoma herpotricha</i> , <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i>)	4	176	30 days	Make 1-3 applications of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide. For one application, apply in September or October. For multiple applications, begin sprays in August.
Necrotic Ring Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i>)	4	176	Fall or Spring	Apply in the fall and/or the early spring depending on local recommendations.
Gray Snowmold (<i>Typhula</i> spp.) Pink Snowmold (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	2-4	88-176	Late Fall	Make one application of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in the late fall before snow cover. Do not apply on top of snow. For optimum disease control, the 2 and 3 fl. oz. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide rates should be tank mixed with either PCMB or chlorothalonil at label rates.
Fusarium Patch (<i>Fusarium nivale</i>)	2-4	88-176	Fall-Early Spring	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Yellow Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia cerealis</i>)	3-4	130-176	Late Fall	Make one application of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in the late fall before snow cover. Do not apply on top of snow. If using a 3 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.

TURFGRASS - SPE

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
Zoyisia Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	3

DICHONDRI

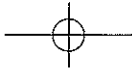
Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
Dichondra Rust (<i>Puccinia dichondrae</i>)	1

The primary use of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is for an additional benefit, LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on grass seedlings or sod.

New Seedlings: Apply 1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide.

- DISEASE CONTROL**
- Use LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on an ornamental plant species refers you to the following the disease refers you to the label.
 - Allow spray to dry before overhead irrigation.
 - Optimum benefit of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is achieved with proper management practices.

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is an ornamental plant species (Refer to label for general disease control in landscape). For general disease control in landscape, LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide application rate is 2 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. For outdoor uses, up to 5.4 gallons per acre. **Note:** Plant tolerances to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and disease are listed under the Directions for Use section of the LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide label. LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on plants or for diseases on ornamental plants or for diseases on turfgrass. Evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control.



SES, RATES, AND APPLICATION TIMING (continued)		TURFGRASS - SPECIFIC DISEASES, RATES, AND APPLICATION TIMING (continued)	
Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/Timing	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Instructions
88	14 days	3-4	Zoyzia Patch, large patch of zoysia (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)
176	28 days	130-176	
88-176	Spring and Fall		Make one application in the early fall (mid-September to mid-October) prior to development of disease symptoms. Consult local turfgrass extension experts to determine the optimum application timing for your area.
176	30 days		
176	Fall or Spring		
88-176	Late Fall		
88-176	Fall-Early Spring		
130-176	Late Fall		

DICHONDRA - SPECIFIC DISEASE, RATE, AND APPLICATION TIMING	
Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
Dichondra Rust (<i>Puccinia dichondrae</i>)	88

ESTABLISHMENT OF COOL SEASON TURFGRASS	
Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.
Dichondra Rust (<i>Puccinia dichondrae</i>)	88

The primary use of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is as a fungicide for use against the diseases listed on this label. As an additional benefit, LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide will improve the establishment rate when it is applied to cool season grass seedlings or sod.

New Seedlings: Apply 1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. at the 2 to 3-leaf stage of growth for faster root development and top growth.

Sod: Apply 1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. 2-6 weeks before cutting for increased sod knitting and faster establishment after laying.

DISEASE CONTROL IN NURSERIES (FIELD) AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

1. Use LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in a preventative disease control program. To determine the use directions for controlling a disease on an ornamental plant species, select the plant species in Table 1. The number in parentheses following the plant species refers you to the disease(s) controlled in Table 2. Find the disease in Table 2. The number in brackets following the disease refers you to the application regime in Table 3.
2. Allow spray to dry before overhead irrigation is applied.
3. Optimum benefit of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is obtained when used in conjunction with sound disease management practices.

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide may be used at rates of 2-24 fl. oz./100 gallons of water for control of diseases of ornamental plant species (refer to tables 1, 2, and 3).

Note: For outdoor uses, up to 5.4 gallons of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide/acre/crop/calendar year may be applied. For general disease control in landscapes, apply 6-8 fl. oz./100 gallons of water every 21 days. For best control, begin LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide applications before disease development.

Note: Plant tolerances to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide have been found to be acceptable for the specific genera and species of plants listed under the Directions for Use section of this label. Other plant species may be sensitive to LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and diseases other than those listed may not be controlled. Before using LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on plants or for diseases that are not listed in the Directions for Use section of this label, test LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on a small scale basis first. Do not apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide to African violets, begonias, Boston fern, or geraniums. Apply the recommended rates for a particular type of disease, i.e., rust, powdery mildew, etc., and evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control prior to widespread use.

Table 1. Ornamentals - Plant Species

Numbers in parenthesis refer to diseases controlled. See Table 2.

Herbaceous Ornamental	Woody Ornamental	Nonbearing Fruits and Nuts (Nurseries and Landscape Plantings)
Calceola (4a) Carnation (5f) Chrysanthemum (2a) Delphinium (4a) English Ivy (3e) Gonolobus (3a) Impatiens (3a, 3b, 4a) Iris (5d) Marigold (3a) Monarda (4c) Phlox (4c) Snapdragon (5d) Sweet William (<i>Dianthus barbatus</i>) (3k) Zinnia (4c)	Amelanchier (4d) Ash (4c) Azalea (2c, 4b) Bayberry (3n) Camellia (3e) Cottonaster (3j) Crabapple (3c, 3g, 4c, 5a) Grape myrtle (4a) Dogwood (3h, 4c) Douglas fir (5b) Elm (4c) Euonymus (3e, 4c) Hawthorn (5a) Holly (3r) Juniper (1a) Lilac (4c) Linden (3e, 3b, 4b) Magnolia (3e, 4b) Maple (3e, 4f) Oaks (3p) Pines (1b, 1c) Poplars (5b) Pyracantha (3o) Red Tip Photinia (3i) Rhaphirolepis (3e, 3i) Rhododendron (2c, 3n) Roses (3g, 4e, 5c) (Outdoor use only) Shasta fir (5e) Sweetgum (3b, 3c, 3n) Sycamore (3e) Tulip tree (3e, 4a) Wax myrtle (3n)	Apple (3p, 4d, 5a) Bartlett pear (3n, 4c, 5a) Cherry (2b, 3d) Citrus (3m) Nectarine (2b) Peach (2b) Pecan (3b, 3c, 3f, 3l, 3n, 4e) Plum (2b) Walnut (3i)

Table 2. Diseases

Numbers in brackets refer to application regimes. Refer to Table 3.

1. Conifer Blights	2. Flower Blight	3. Leaf Blights/Spots	4. Powdery Mildew	5. Rust
a. <i>Phomopsis juniperovora</i> (Phomopsis Blight) [2] b. <i>Sirococcus stroboilus</i> (Tip Blight) [4] c. <i>Sphaeropsis sapinea</i> (Diplodia Tip Blight) [2]	a. <i>Ascochyta chrysanthemi</i> (Ray Blight) [3] b. <i>Monilinia</i> spp. [1] c. <i>Ovulinia</i> spp. [2]	a. <i>Alternaria</i> spp. [2] b. <i>Cercospora</i> spp. (Brown Leaf Spot) [3] c. <i>Cladosporium</i> spp. (Scab) [3] d. <i>Coccomyces hiemalis</i> [1] e. <i>Colletotrichum</i> spp. [2] f. <i>Cristulariella</i> spp. (Zonate leafspot) [3] g. <i>Diplocarpus rosae</i> (Blackspot) [2] h. <i>Discaria</i> spp. (Anthracnose) [1] i. <i>Fuaria maculata</i> (Syn. <i>Entomosporium maculata</i>) [1] j. <i>Gnomonia leprosvia</i> (Anthracnose) [3] k. <i>Heterosporium echinulatum</i> [2] l. <i>Mycosphaerella caryigena</i> (Downy Spot) [3] m. <i>Mycosphaerella fruticicola</i> (Greasy Spot) [5] n. <i>Septoria</i> spp. (Leaf Scorch) [3] o. <i>Spilocaea pyracanthae</i> [2] p. <i>Tubakia dryina</i> [4] q. <i>Venturia inaequalis</i> (Scab) [1] r. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> web blight [2]	a. <i>Erysiphe</i> spp. [2] b. <i>Microsphaera</i> spp. [3] c. <i>Oidium</i> spp. [2] d. <i>Podosphaera</i> spp. [2] e. <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i> [2] f. <i>Phyllostictia</i> spp. [2]	a. <i>Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae</i> [1] b. <i>Metamspora occidentalis</i> [4] c. <i>Phragmidium</i> spp. [2] d. <i>Puccinia</i> spp. [2] e. <i>Pucciniastrum goeppertianum</i> [4] f. <i>Uromyces dianthi</i> [2]

bearing Fruits and Nuts (Nurseries and andscape Plantings)
a. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
b. 3d
c. 3e, 3f, 3n, 4e
d. 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
e. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
f. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
g. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
h. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
i. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
j. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
k. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
l. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
m. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
n. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
o. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
p. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
q. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
r. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
s. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
t. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
u. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
v. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
w. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
x. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z
y. 3a, 3c, 3f, 3n, 4e
z. 3b, 3d, 3e, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l, 3m, 3n, 3o, 3p, 3q, 3r, 3s, 3t, 3u, 3v, 3w, 3x, 3y, 3z

Table 2. Diseases

Numbers in brackets refer to application regimes. Refer to Table 3.

1. Conifer Blights
 - a. *Phomopsis juniperovora* (Phomopsis Blight) [2]
 - b. *Sirococcus strobilatus* (Tip Blight) [4]
 - c. *Sphaeropsis sapinea* (Diplodia Tip Blight) [2]
2. Flower Blight
 - a. *Ascochyta chrysanthemii* (Ray Blight) [3]
 - b. *Monilia* spp. [1]
 - c. *Ovulinia* spp. [2]
3. Leaf Blights/Spots
 - a. *Alternaria* spp. [2]
 - b. *Cercospora* spp. (Brown Leaf Spot) [3]
 - c. *Cladosporium* spp. (Scab) [3]
 - d. *Coccomyces hiemalis* [1]
 - e. *Colletoletrichum* spp. [2]
 - f. *Cristulariella* spp. (Zonate leafspot) [3]
 - g. *Diplocarpus rosae* (Blackspot) [2]
 - h. *Discilia* spp. (Anthracnose) [1]
 - i. *Fabraea maculata* (syn. *Entomosporium maculata*) [2]
 - j. *Gnomonia leptostyla* (Anthracnose) [3]
 - k. *Heterosporium echinulatum* [2]
 - l. *Mycosphaerella caryigena* (Downy Spot) [3]
 - m. *Mycosphaerella fructicola* (Greasy Spot) [5]
 - n. *Septoria* spp. (Leaf Scorch) [3]
 - o. *Sclotaea pyracanthae* [2]
 - p. *Tubakia dryina* [4]
 - q. *Venturia inaequalis* (Scab) [1]
 - r. *Rhizoctonia* web blight [2]
4. Powdery Mildew
 - a. *Erysiphe* spp. [2]
 - b. *Microsphaera* spp. [3]
 - c. *Oidium* spp. [2]
 - d. *Podosphaera* spp. [2]
 - e. *Sphaerotheca pannosa* [2]
 - f. *Phyllactinia* spp. [2]
5. Rust
 - a. *Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae* [1]
 - b. *Melanospora occidentalis* [4]
 - c. *Phragmidium* spp. [2]
 - d. *Puccinia* spp. [2]
 - e. *Pucciniastrum gueppertianum* [4]
 - f. *Uromyces dianthi* [2]

Table 3. Application Regimes

- [1] Mix 2-4 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of drip. Apply every 14-21 days during the period of primary infection, contact fungicide. For flower blight, apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 F. 100% bloom. For dogwoods, apply the 2-4 fl. oz. rate every 14 days or every 28 days.
- [2] Mix 6-8 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of drip. Begin applying when conditions are favorable for disease development with a registered contact fungicide labeled for blackspot. For Calendul 3 applications every 14 days prior to major period of infection. For lily soon as lily buds start to grow, and repeat the applications every 14-21 days.
- [3] Mix 8-12 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of drip. Apply every 30 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for the 12 fl. oz. rate beginning at bud break. Apply 3 times at 14-day intervals. For ray blight, apply 12 fl. oz. at 7 day intervals or 20 fl. oz. magnolia, sweetgum and wax myrtle, the maximum use rate is 8 fl. oz.
- [4] Mix 16 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of drip. Apply every 14-28 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for rust, apply once in May. For tip blight, start applications in mid-late willow point of drip. Apply during June to August time period.
- [5] Mix 20-24 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of drip. Apply during June to August time period.

Note: To avoid possible illegal residues, do not apply to apple, cherry, citrus that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months. Do not apply to maple tree one year.

A FLARE ROOT-INJECTED SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE FOR CONTI

General Information

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is a systemic fungicide for use as a fl oak wilt (*Ceratocystis fagacearum*) of oaks (*Quercus* spp.), (2) Dutch elm disease (*Sphaeria ulmi*) of elms (*Ulmus* spp.), (3) leaf diseases (i.e. *Mytilinaea*, *Pucciniastrum gueppertianum*, etc.) of crabapple (*Malus* spp.) Fungicide be administered by trained arborists or others trained in injection

Notes: The active ingredient in LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide has species. Before using LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on plants or trees, test LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on a small-scale basis and to widespread use.

Correct Location for Injector Placement

The flare root area is the transitional zone between the trunk and the root Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is more effective when injections are made into the flare area close more rapidly in comparison to wounds above the flare root area

Table 3. Application Regimes

- [1] Mix 2-4 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 14-21 days during the period of primary infection. If disease is present, treat mix with an EPA-registered contact fungicide. For flower blight, apply LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide when there is 5-10% bloom and again at 70-100% bloom. For dogwoods, apply the 2-4 fl. oz. rate every 14 days or apply 6 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide every 28 days.
- [2] Mix 5-8 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Begin applying when conditions are favorable for disease development and apply as necessary. For blackspot, apply with a registered contact fungicide labeled for blackspot. For Calendula, apply every 30 days. For dipodia tip blight, make 3 applications every 14 days prior to major period of infection. For juniper phomopsis blight, make the first application as soon as junipers start to grow, and repeat the applications every 14-21 days during periods of active growth.
- [3] Mix 8-12 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 30 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for the disease development. For pecans, apply the 12 fl. oz. rate beginning at bud break. Apply 3 times at 14-day intervals. For walnuts, apply 8.5 fl. oz. at 14 to 21 day intervals. For ray blight, apply 12 fl. oz. at 7 day intervals or 20 fl. oz. at 14 day intervals. For impatiens, bayberry, linden, magnolia, sweetgum and wax myrtle, the maximum use rate is 8 fl. oz.
- [4] Mix 16 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 14-28 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for disease development. For Douglas fir needle rust, apply once in May. For tip blight, start applications in mid-late winter and apply 3 times at 2-month intervals.
- [5] Mix 20-24 fl. oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in 100 gallons of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply during June to August time period.

Note: To avoid possible illegal residues, do not apply to apple, cherry, citrus, nectarine, peach, pear, pecan, plum or walnut trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months. Do not apply to maple trees that will be used for maple syrup production within one year.

A FLARE ROOT-INJECTED SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE FOR CONTROL OF SELECTED DISEASES IN TREES

General Information

LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is a systemic fungicide for use as a flare root injection for prevention and treatment of (1) oak wilt (*Ceratocystis fagacearum*) of oaks (*Quercus* spp.), (2) Dutch elm disease (*Ophiostroma ulmi*) of elms (*Ulmus* spp.), (3) sycamore anthracnose (*Aplothonomía veneta*), and (4) leaf diseases (i.e., *Venturia inaequalis*, *Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae*, *Pucciniastrum oregonianum*, etc.) of crabapple (*Malus* spp.). It is recommended that LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide be administered by trained arborists or others trained in injection techniques and in the identification of tree diseases.

Notes: The active ingredient in LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide has been shown to be safe on a wide range of plant species. Before using LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on plants or for diseases that are not listed in the Directions for Use, test LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide on a small-scale basis and evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control prior to widespread use.

Correct Location for Injector Placement

The flare root area is the transitional zone between the trunk and the root system. Uprake and distribution of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide is more effective when injections are made into the flare roots. In addition, wounds created in the flare root area close more rapidly in comparison to wounds above the flare root area.

Tree Preparation

1. Heavy, thick, or loose outer bark may be carefully shaved to form the drill hole penetrates through the bark to the xylem.
2. If the flare roots are not clearly exposed, carefully remove 2 to 3 inches of the flare roots. Brush away loose soil.
3. Drill holes through the bark into spongy wood using a clean sharp injection of injection tees and formation of airtight contact between injection tees and bark. Generally, a drill hole diameter of 7/32" - 5/16" inch for appropriate. Follow manufacturer's instructions for the particular drill hole depth should be adequate to deliver the product into the flare roots. Trees with thick bark may require increased drill hole depth. Space injectors 3-8 inches apart around the base of the tree. Do not inject above these areas into the trunk, and then continue areas. Disinfect the drill bit between trees with household bleach (20% water after disinfecting).
4. Disinfect the drill bit between trees with household bleach (20% water after disinfecting).
5. Insert into the drilled holes the injection ports ("tees"), which a and outlet valves.
6. Mix the specified amount of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and injection treatment.

Tree Measurement

Measure the diameter of the tree using a tree diameter-tape (D-tape) at breast height (DBH). If only a regular tape is available, measure the diameter at the point where the tree b and outlet valves.

Preparation of Injection Solution

Dilute 10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to 1 lb of water. For example, the amounts of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide at

DBH Inches	Treatment Len
5	50
10	100
15	150
20	200
25	250
30	300
35	350
40	400

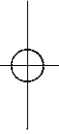
*Use up to the amount indicated.

Injection

For pressurized injections, with the outlet valve open, connect the tubing to the outlet valve. Direct the solution into a container. Pressurize tank to 20-30 psi. Check for leaks and gently tap injection system until the full amount of solution is in the tree.

After injection is complete, remove injection tees and leave drill bit with wound closure. Soil should be replaced around the tree. It is not recommended to use a soil sealant.

Contact your local extension agent for more details on tree injection techniques. Please refer to manufacturer's instructions when using other types



ir and apply as a full coverage spray to the point
 esse is present, tank mix with an EPA-registered
 ide when there is 5-10% bloom and again at 70-
 8-11 oz. of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide

ir and apply as a full coverage spray to the point
 nit and apply as necessary. For blackspot, apply
 ply every 30 days. For diploia tip blight, make
 phomopsis blight, make the first application as
 s during periods of active growth.
 eter and apply as a full coverage spray to the
 for the disease development. For pecans, apply
 s. For walnuts, apply 8.5 fl. oz. at 14 to 21 day
 1 day intervals. For impatiens, bayberry, linden,

r and apply as a full coverage spray to the point
 or disease development. For Douglas fir needle
 and apply 3 times at 2-month intervals.
 water and apply as a full coverage spray to the

starline, peach, pear, pecan, plum or walnut trees
 t will be used for maple syrup production within

OF SELECTED DISEASES IN TREES

not injection for prevention and treatment of (1)
 e (*Ophiostroma ulmi*) of elms (*Ulmus* spp.), (3)
inaria inaequalis, *Gymnosporangium juniperi-*
 ; recommended that LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3
 niques and in the identification of tree diseases.
 n shown to be safe on a wide range of plant
 seases that are not listed in the Directions for
 ata for phytotoxicity and disease control prior

m. Uptake and distribution of LESCO Spectator
 ds. In addition, wounds created in the flare root

Tree Preparation

1. Heavy, thick, or loose outer bark may be carefully shaved to form a smoother injection point and to ensure the operator that the drill hole penetrates through the bark to the xylem.
2. If the flare roots are not clearly exposed, carefully remove 2 to 4 inches of soil from the base of the tree to uncover the top of the flare roots. Brush away loose soil.
3. Drill holes through the bark, into sawwood using a clean sharp drill bit. Drill hole diameter should be adequate to allow insertion of injection tees and formation of airtight contact between active xylem and the delivery point of the injection tees, appropriate. Generally, a drill hole diameter of 7/32 - 5/16 inch for elms, sycamores, and crabapples, and 5/16 inch for oaks is appropriate. Follow manufacturer's instructions for the particular injection device used in the treatment. Drill hole depth should be adequate to deliver the product into active xylem tissue. Generally, 3/4 inch depth is appropriate, but trees with thick bark may require increased drill hole depth to reach the active xylem layer.
4. Space injectors 3-6 inches apart around the base of the tree. Do not drill in the valleys between the flare roots or into cankered areas. Drill above these areas into the trunk, and then continue again into sound sawwood on the flares.
5. Disinfect the drill bit between trees with household bleach (20% solution), ethanol, or other disinfectant. Rinse bit with clean water after disinfecting.
6. Insert into the drilled holes the injection ports ("tees"), which are connected to plastic tubing. The tubing should have inlet and outlet valves.
7. Mix the specified amount of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and water thoroughly in the tank before beginning the injection treatment.

Tree Measurement

Measure the diameter of the tree using a tree diameter-tape (D-tape) at 4-1/2 feet above the ground. This is the diameter at breast height (DBH). If only a regular tape is available, measure the tree circumference and divide that number by 3.14. For crabapples, measure the diameter at the point where the tree begins to branch.

Preparation of Injection Solution

Dilute 10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to 1 liter of water per inch DBH. Refer to the following table as an example of the amounts of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide and water to use:

DBH inches	Treatment Level (ml)	Water Volume *(liters)
5	50	5
10	100	10
15	150	15
20	200	20
25	250	25
30	300	30
35	350	35
40	400	40

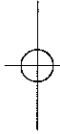
*Use up to the amount indicated.

Injection

For pressurized injections, with the outlet valve open, connect the tank to the inlet valve and begin pumping solution until all air bubbles come out of the outlet valve. Direct the solution into a container and return the solution to the tank. Shut off the outlet valve. Pressurize tank to 20-30 psi. Check for leaks and gently tap in tees if necessary. Maintain continuous pressure on the injection system until the full amount of solution is in the tree.

After injection is complete, remove injection tees and leave drill holes unplugged. A water flush to cleanse the hole will assist with wound closure. Soil should be replaced around the tree. It is not necessary to treat the drill holes with wound paint or other sealing compounds.

Contact your local extension agent for more details on tree injection. The injection system described is meant as an example; please refer to manufacturer's instructions when using other types of tree injection systems.



Retreatment

At the initial injection of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide level, in trees at 12-month intervals after treatment for 1 Fungicide. Preventive applications should be considered 12 or high value trees should be evaluated for possible retreat. Follow application procedures described above for repeat in

OAK

Preventive and Therapeutic Treatment
 Use 10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to 6 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per inch DBH may in the upper Midwest, treat oaks after June 15. Wounds in o that transmit the oak wilt pathogen.

Oak trees exhibiting less than 20% crown loss from oak Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide. Preventive application is not disease development may not respond to treatment.

Uninfected trees will generally absorb the full amount of LES injected under pressure. Trees exhibiting specific symptoms should be considered infested. Symptomless trees separate infection, infested trees will absorb the material more slowly Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide-water solution is not absorb- chance of survival.

Refer to the **General Information** section for details on ret

LEAF DISE

Preventive Treatment

Use 10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to trunk diameter, use 6 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fung in full leaf and actively growing for control of the next season the year of application.

Refer to the **General Information** section for details on ret

Note: Do not use fruit from treated trees for food or feed p

ANTHRAC

Preventive Treatment

Use 10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to 6 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per inch DBH, for control of the next season's anthracnose development.

Refer to the **General Information** section for details on ret

DUTCH ELI

Preventive and Therapeutic Treatment

Use 6-10 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide in up to 6 ml of LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 Fungicide per inch DBH ir

Notes: (1) Accurate diagnosis of Dutch elm disease is impo of Dutch elm disease in elms. (2) LESCO Spectator Ultra 1.3 cultural practices recommended for management of Dutch limbs and branches, control of bark beetles, etc.). (3) Prev should provide 24 months control and the 10 ml rate sh

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of medical emergency for additional information call toll free 1-800-424-9300.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillates.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
CAUTION**

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Mixers, loaders, others exposed to the concentrate, cleaners/repairers of equipment, and applicators applying as a dip treatment must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils), chemical-resistant apron, and chemical-resistant footwear plus socks. Applicators using hand held equipment must wear coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils), chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposures, and a dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P or HE filter.

Applicators using aircraft or mechanical ground equipment (groundboom, airblast, etc.), and flaggers for aerial applications must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks.

Applicators using truck-mounted equipment with a handgun at the end of a hose (i.e., for commercial turfgrass or ornamental applications) and all other handlers not specified above must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils), and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations
<p>Users should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. • Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. • Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical can contaminate surface water through aerial and ground spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval of 12 hours for ornamental uses. The restricted entry interval for WPS uses is 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils), and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to ornamental and turf uses (golf courses, landscape and institutional areas) of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in a cool dry location.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for reconditioning, if appropriate. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

General Use: In order to assure maximum crop tolerance and disease control, follow recommendations on this label and all the precautions and limitations of the package label.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Use of this product at residential sites is prohibited.

Except for use on golf courses, if applying this product adjacent to a water body such as a lake, reservoir, river, permanent stream, marsh or natural pond, estuary, or commercial fishpond, there must be at least a 25-foot vegetative buffer strip between the water body and the point of application.

For golf courses only, do not apply to turf cut higher than 1" on golf holes where water bodies are present.

Do not apply this product when the wind direction is toward aquatic areas.

TURF

Lesco® 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is a foliar applied fungicide, recommended for turfgrass disease control on golf courses, sod farms, and institutional areas where fine turf is grown. When used in conjunction with good turf management practices, Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is effective in controlling the following diseases:

Spring, Summer And Fall Diseases: Dollar Spot, Brown Patch, Large Patch, Fusarium Blight and Necrotic Ring Spot, Leaf Spots such as Helminthosporium Leaf Spot caused by *Drechslera* spp., pathogens, Corticium Red Thread, Curvularia and Anthracnose (suppression only).

Winter Diseases: Fusarium Patch (Pink Snow Mold) and Gray Snow Mold.

Apply the recommended rates as indicated in the table in 0.5 to 1.0 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet. Do not drench. Do not allow the spray mixture to stand for longer than 12 hours as some breakdown of the product may occur. Maintain agitation during spray operations. Apply with a properly calibrated sprayer.

TURF

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE

Begin applications when conditions favor disease development or when the disease first appears unless otherwise noted.

DISEASE	INTERVAL OF APPLICATIONS	FLUID OZ 1,000 SQ FT
Dollar Spot (<i>Lanzia</i> spp. and <i>Moellerodiscus</i> spp.)	Greens and Tees: Repeat at 14 to 21 day interval as long as required.	3 to 4
Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	Fairways and Other Turf Areas: Repeat at 14 to 28 day intervals as long as required.	NOTE: On Fairways, for Dollar Spot Control use 2 to 4 fl oz/1,000 sq ft
Leaf Spot such as <i>Helminthosporium</i> Leaf Spot caused by (<i>Drechslera</i> spp.)	Make first application in fall when conditions are favorable for disease development but no symptoms are visible. Make repeat applications in spring as needed on a 14-21 day interval.	4
Large Patch* (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	Use only preventative foliar applications when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Additional applications should be made as necessary at 28 day intervals.	8
Fusarium Blight (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals as long as required.	4 to 8
Necrotic Ring Spot* (<i>Leptospiraia korrae</i>)	One application before first permanent snow cover if possible, another application during a mid-winter thaw.	4 to 8
Fusarium Patch (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>) [Pacific Northwest Only – West of the Cascade Mountains]	Use as a preventative every 14 days as long as required.	4 to 8
Gray Snow Mold (<i>Typhula</i> spp.)	Will provide suppression during periods of anthracnose pressure; mix Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide with COMPASS or CHIPCO SIGNATURE or other anthracnose control fungicide	4 to 8
Pink Snow Mold (<i>Fusarium nivale</i>)	Do not exceed a total of 35 fl oz. product/1,000 sq ft per year. Do not make more than 6 applications per year.	4 to 8
Corticium Red Thread (<i>Laetisaria fuciformis</i>)	Under severe conditions, the higher rate and/or shorter interval of applications are recommended for all diseases. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are recommended.	4 to 8
Curvularia (<i>Curvularia</i> spp.)	Do not mow or irrigate treated areas until the foliage is completely dry, usually a 24-hour waiting period following treatment is preferred.	4 to 8
Anthracnose (suppression only) (<i>Colletotrichum</i>)	Do not mix with any sticker, extender, or wetting agent. Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock or poultry.	4 to 8

Do not exceed a total of 35 fl oz. product/1,000 sq ft per year.

Do not make more than 6 applications per year.

Under severe conditions, the higher rate and/or shorter interval of applications are recommended for all diseases. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are recommended.

Do not mow or irrigate treated areas until the foliage is completely dry, usually a 24-hour waiting period following treatment is preferred.

Do not mix with any sticker, extender, or wetting agent. Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock or poultry.

*Not registered for use in California

TANK MIXTURES

ADDITIONAL DISEASE CONTROL

If turf is threatened by additional diseases, Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is compatible with most commonly used fungicides such as ProStar®, Compass®, and Heritage®. If a tank mixture is used, follow label directions for the use of that product. Do not exceed a total of 35 fl oz Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide per 1,000 sq ft per year with a maximum of 6 applications.

Broad Spectrum Disease Control and Resistance Management: A tank mixture of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide and Cleary's 3336 F provides effective, broad spectrum turf disease control and also serves as a useful tank mixture in the resistance management program required for other resistance sensitive fungicides.

Disease Pressure	Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide +	Cleary's 3336 F
LOW	3 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. +	1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.
MEDIUM (more collar spot and brown patch)	3 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. +	1.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.
HIGH	3 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft. +	2.0 fl oz./1,000 sq. ft.

Summer Stress Complex/Summer Decline: For management of Summer Stress Complex/Summer Decline, apply Chipco® Signature™ Fungicide at 4 to 8 ounces of product per 1,000 square feet with Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide at 2 to 4 oz of product per 1,000 sq ft.

Pythium Blight: Pythium blight will be controlled by the tank mixing of Chipco® Signature™ Fungicide or ALETTE® WDG brand Fungicide or Banol Fungicide with Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide. If a tank mixture is used, follow label directions for the use of that product and apply at the rate recommended for control of the target disease organism.

Gray Snow Mold: For control of Gray Snow Mold (*Typhula* spp.) in areas where continuous snow cover occurs, refer to the following table for tank mixture recommendations.

Product	Disease	Rate oz/1,000 sq ft
Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide	Gray Snow Mold	4-8 fl. oz.
+ Daconil 2787 Flowable		+ 8 fl. oz.
or Daconil 2787 WG		4.5 oz.
or Daconil Ultrex 82.5 WG		4.9 oz.
or Daconil Weather Silk 6F		5.5 fl. oz.
or Turficide® 400		8 fl. oz.

Application must be made in autumn before snow cover occurs. Apply with sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage (1 to 5 gallons of spray solution per 1,000 sq ft). Use the higher rate if the turf remains frozen prior to snow cover. For optimal control, reapply this treatment if a winter thaw and loss of snow cover occurs.

ORNAMENTALS

NOT FOR RESIDENTIAL USE

FIELD, LANDSCAPE AND GREENHOUSE ORNAMENTALS AND CONIFER NURSERIES
Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is a broad spectrum fungicide that may be applied safely to a wide range of ornamental flowering and foliage plants, either as a foliar spray, drench or dip. Please read specific instructions and use only as directed.

RECOMMENDED FOR USE BY COMMERCIAL NURSERY AND LANDSCAPE PERSONNEL.

Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is recommended for use on a wide variety of flowering and foliage ornamentals as follows:

DISEASES

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Aerial Web Blight
(<i>Rhizoctonia</i> sp.) | 9. Tulip Fire
(<i>Botrytis tulipae</i>) |
| 2. Alternaria Leaf Blight
(<i>Alternaria euburblae</i>) | 10. Alternaria Leaf Blight
(<i>Alternaria zinniae</i>) |
| 3. Alternaria Leaf Spot
(<i>Alternaria panax</i> ,
<i>Alternaria tenuissima</i>) | 11. Ray Blight
(<i>Ascochyta chrysanthami</i>) |
| 4. Botrytis Blight
(<i>Botrytis</i> sp.) | 12. Fusarium Crown rot
(<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i>) |
| 5. Fusarium Leaf Spot
(<i>Fusarium moniliforme</i>) | 13. Daffodil Leaf Scorch
(<i>Stagonospora curvifiss</i>) |
| 6. Helminthosporium Leaf Spot
(<i>Helminthosporium</i> sp.) | 14. Blossom Blight
(<i>Monilia fructicola</i>) |
| 7. Rhizoctonia stem and root rot
(<i>Rhizoctonia</i> sp.) | 15. Botrytis Storage Rot
(<i>Botrytis</i> sp.) |
| 8. Ink Spot
(<i>Drechslera iridis</i>) | 16. Cylindrocladium Blight and Wilt
(<i>Cylindrocladium scoparium</i>) |

PLANT TOLERANCE: Plant tolerances to Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide have been found to be acceptable in the specific genera and species listed on this label. It is not possible to evaluate every species or variety of ornamental plant for its tolerance to Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses in other plants on a small area basis using recommended rates prior to commercial use.

ORNAMENTALS

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ageratum (1 to 7) | Croton (1 to 7) | Holly (1 to 7) | Pisoporum (1 to 7) |
| Ajuga (1 to 7) | Cyclamen (1 to 7) | Hoya (1 to 7) | Plum (ornamental) (1 to 7, 14) |
| Almond (ornamental) (1 to 7) | Dafnolius (1 to 7, 13) | Hydrangea (1 to 7) | Poinsettia (1 to 7) |
| Alyssum (1 to 7) | Dahlia (1 to 7) | Impatiens* (1 to 7) | Poppy (1 to 7) |
| Andromeda (1 to 7) | Delphinium (1 to 7) | Iris (1 to 8) | Pothos* (1 to 6) |
| Angelica (1 to 7) | Deutzia (1 to 7) | Juniper (1 to 7) | Primrose (1 to 7) |
| Artemisia (1 to 7) | Dianthus (1 to 7) | Kalanchoe (1 to 7) | Privet (1 to 7) |
| Aster (1 to 7) | Dieffenbachia (1 to 7) | Lilies (1 to 7) | Protea (1 to 7) |
| Azalea (1 to 7, 16) | Dryopteris (1 to 7) | Lipstick vine (1 to 7) | Pyracantha (1 to 7) |
| Boxwood (1 to 7) | Dracena (1 to 7) | (<i>Aeschylanthus</i>) | Rhododendron (1 to 7, 16) |
| Cactus (1 to 7) | English Ivy (1 to 7) | Monarda (Bee Balm) (1 to 7) | Rose Tree of China (1 to 7) |
| Callendula (1 to 7) | Episcia (1 to 7) | Pachysandra (1 to 7) | Rose (1 to 7, 15) |
| Carnation (1 to 7) | Eunymium (1 to 7) | Palm (1 to 7) | Salvia (1 to 7) |
| Cherry (ornamental) (1 to 7) | Ficus (1 to 7) | Pansy (1 to 7) | Scheffera (1 to 7) |
| Chrysanthemum (1 to 7, 11) | Forsythia (1 to 7) | Peach (ornamental) (1 to 7) | Shapdragon (1 to 7) |
| Cineraria (1 to 7) | Garanium (1 to 7) | Peperomia (1 to 7) | Statice (1 to 7) |
| Cistena Plum (1 to 7, 14) | Geranium (1 to 7) | Periwinkle (1 to 7) | Tree Ivy (1 to 7) |
| Coleus (1 to 7) | Gladious (1 to 7, 12) | Philocentron (1 to 7) | Tulip (1 to 7, 9) |
| Columbine (1 to 7) | Gloxinia (1 to 7) | Pilea (1 to 7) | Viburnum (1 to 7) |
| Coral Bells (Heuchera) (1 to 7) | Gypsophila (1 to 7) | Pine (1 to 7) | Violet (1 to 7) |
| Crape Myrtle (1 to 7) | Hawthorn (1 to 7) | | Zinnia (1 to 7, 10) |
| Crassula (1 to 7) | | | |

*NOTE: Do not use Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide as a soil drench on Impatiens or Pothos. Do not use Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide on Spatiophyllum.

HOW TO USE LESCO 18 PLUS TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE AS A FOLIAR SPRAY

When conditions become favorable for disease development, apply Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide as a foliar spray to insure thorough coverage of the plant foliage at the following rates and intervals:

DISEASE	QUARTS PRODUCT/100 gallon	INTERVAL OF APPLICATION	USE DIRECTIONS
Aerial Web Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> sp.) Alternaria Leaf Blight (<i>Alternaria zinniae</i>) Alternaria Leaf Blight (<i>Alternaria euphorbiae</i>) Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria panax</i>) (<i>Alternaria tenuissima</i>)	1.0 to 2.5	7 to 14 Days	Spray plants to insure thorough coverage.
Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis</i> sp.) Fusarium Leaf Spot (<i>Fusarium moniliforme</i>) Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (<i>Helminthosporium</i> sp.) Ink Spot (<i>Drechslera iridis</i>) Ray Blight (<i>Ascochyta chrysanthami</i>) Tulip Fire (<i>Botrytis tulipae</i>) Daffodil Leaf Scorch (<i>Stagonospora curvata</i>) Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i>)			

Do not apply more than 2.5 qts product/A per application.

Do not make more than 4 applications per crop per year.

Under severe disease pressure, use the highest recommended rate and/or the shortest spray interval. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are recommended.

HOW TO USE LESCO 18 PLUS TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE AS A DRENCH

Apply Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide as a drench at seeding and/or after transplanting for *Rhizoctonia* control at the following rates and interval:

DISEASE	PRODUCT/100 GALS	INTERVAL OF APPLICATION
<i>Rhizoctonia</i> Stem and Root Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	13 fl oz Apply 1 to 2 pts of solution per sq ft	14 Days

Do not exceed a total of 35 fl oz product/1,000 sq ft per year. Do not make more than 6 applications per year.

Under severe disease pressure, use the highest recommended rate. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rate is recommended.

NOTE: Do not use Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide as a drench on Impatiens, and pothos.

Do not use Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide on Spatiophyllum.

HOW TO USE LESCO 18 PLUS TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE AS A DIP

PLANT SPECIES	DISEASE	QUARTS PRODUCT/100 GALLONS	DIP DURATION	DIRECTIONS
Rose	Botrytis Storage Rot (<i>Botrytis</i> sp.)	1.0	5 Minutes	Dip bare root roses prior to cold storage.
Azalea and Rhododendron	Cylindrocladium Blight and Wilt (<i>Cylindrocladium scoparium</i>)	1.0	5 Minutes	Dip cuttings prior to planting.
Gladiolus	Fusarium Corm Rot (<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i>)	2.0	5 Minutes	Dip corms prior to storage.

TANK MIXTURES

Additional Disease Control: If ornamentals are threatened by additional diseases, Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide is compatible with most commonly used fungicides. For control of diseases caused by Pythium and Phytophthora, Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide can be tank-mixed with ALLETTE® brand fungicide. Consult the ALLETTE® label for a complete listing of diseases controlled and for application rates.

If a tank mix with other fungicides is used, follow label directions for the use of that product and apply at the recommended rate for control of the target disease organism.

DIRECTIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Do not use through sprinkler irrigation systems in California.

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: First prepare a suspension of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide, and then the remaining volume of water. (Suspension concentrations using the appropriate dosage per acre recommended on this label of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide per 1 to 4 gallons of water are recommended.) Then set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. If you should have any other questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

NOTE: When treatment with Lesco 18 Plus Turf and Ornamental Fungicide has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic,

quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation must shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

SPRAY DRIFT

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulation.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the *Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information*.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements) The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions below).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other

orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

- Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

WIND: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog, however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Lesco, Inc.. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND

THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Lesco, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT LESCO, INC.'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

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Cleary's is a trademark of the Cleary Company.

Daconil and Heritage are registered trademarks of Syngenta Corporation.

Turfcide is a registered trademark of Chemtura Corporation.

7.25"

LESCO® 18 Plus

TURF AND ORNAMENTAL FUNGICIDE

A Fungicide for the Prevention and Control of Certain Diseases of Turfgrass and Ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Iprodione; 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)-

-2,4-dioxo-1-imidazolecarboxamide* 23.3%*

INERT INGREDIENTS: 76.7%

*This product contains petroleum distillate.

*Equivalent to 2 pounds Iprodione per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 432-888-10404 EPA Est. No. 086555-MO-001

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

For **MEDICAL** And **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call
24 Hours A Day 1-800-424-9300

For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-800-321-5325

FIRST AID

If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of medical emergency for additional information call toll free 1-800-424-9300.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillates.

0915360

Net Contents

2.5 Gallons

Product of Taiwan

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

CAUTION

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical can contaminate surface water through aerial and ground spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Refer to attached leaflet for complete Directions for Use and Precautionary Statements.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in a cool dry location.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for reconditioning, if appropriate. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Manufactured for: **LESCO, Inc.**

1301 East 9th Street • Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

LESCO® is a registered trademark of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

79989830A 020314A

6.75"

LESCO®

PEEL HERE
TO OPEN →

T-STORM™ Flowable

Turf & Ornamental Fungicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Thiophanate-Methyl (Dimethyl
 [(1,2-phenylene)bis-(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[Carbamate])* 46.2%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 53.8%

TOTAL: 100.0%

*Also known as Dimethyl 4,4'-o-phenylenebis-[3-thioallophanate]
 Contains 4.5 lbs thiophanate methyl per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUTION

FIRST AID

IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE: Call PROSAR at 1-866-303-6952 or 1-651-632-8946 if calling from outside the U.S.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC at 1-800-434-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 if calling from outside of the U.S.

PLEASE REFER TO INSIDE BOOKLET FOR COMPLETE PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

#090809

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gal.

AD 030609

TM

EPA REG. NO. 66330-293-10404

EPA EST. NO. 51036-GA-001

Manufactured For:
 LESCO, Inc.

1301 East 9th Street • Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

LESCO is a registered trademark and LESCO T-Storm and the sweeping design are trademarks of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber > 14 mils, nitril rubber > 14 mils, neoprene rubber > 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) > 14 mils, viton > 14 mils. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical resistant selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading and applying as a dip must wear:

- Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- A chemical-resistant apron

All other mixers and loaders and applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves for all mixers and loaders and for applicators using hand held equipment, and
- Chemical-resistant aprons for mixers, loaders and other handlers exposed to the concentrate
- Shoes plus socks

Engineering Controls: When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining **PPE**. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash **PPE** separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing/**PPE** immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove **PPE** immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING.

Shake well before using.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exemption: If the product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants
Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposures.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter treated area until sprays have dried. Keep children and pets out of the treated area until sprays have dried.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Not for homeowner use. For use only by certified applicators or those under their immediate supervision. Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod. Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings to livestock or poultry. Liquid products only: Do not apply with fixed wing or rotary aircraft.

Apply LESCO T-Storm Flowable with ground equipment, using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Add required amount of LESCO T-Storm Flowable to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix with highly alkaline pesticides, such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rates under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service recommendations for application schedules.

IMPORTANT: If, after using LESCO T-Storm Flowable as recommended, treatment is not effective, a tolerant strain of fungi may be present. Consult your local State Agricultural Experiment Station or your State Agricultural Extension Service for advice on the prompt use of some other suitable fungicide.

TURF APPLICATIONS

For use on all fine turf applications such as Bentgrasses, Bermuda grasses, Bluegrasses, Fescues, Ryegrasses, St. Augustine grasses, and Zoysia or their mixtures. LESCO T-Storm Flowable is not phytotoxic to any of the above mentioned grasses when used in accordance with the label. LESCO T-Storm Flowable is to be used for the prevention and control of the diseases listed below.

For best results use spray mixture the same day it is prepared. Spray uniformly over the area to be treated with a properly calibrated sprayer. Apply after mowing or avoid mowing for twelve hours after application. Apply recommended amounts in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage, (2-4 gallons per 1,000 square feet suggested). When treating golf greens, always treat aprons.

DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE Fl. Oz/ 1000 sq. ft.	REMARKS
Anthracnose (<i>Colletotricum graminicola</i>), Dollar Spot (<i>Mollerodiscus spp.</i> , <i>Lanzia spp.</i>), Copper Spot (<i>Gloeocerospora sorghi</i>), Large Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>), Red Thread (<i>Corticium fuciforme</i>)	1 – 3.5 Do not exceed the maximum application rate listed in the 'Use Site' table when applying to home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers and golf course tees, greens and aprons.	Apply when disease first appears. Lightly water into the root zone for best results. Minimum spray interval is 14 days.
Fusarium Blight (<i>Fusarium roseum and triticum</i>), Necrotic Ring Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrea</i>), Leaf Spot (<i>Dreschlera spp.</i>) (<i>Helminthosporium spp.</i>), Stripe Smut (<i>Ustilago striiformis</i>), Summer Patch (<i>Magnaportha poae</i>)*	3.5 – 5.25 Do not exceed the maximum application rate listed in the 'Use Site' table when applying to home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers and golf course tees, greens and aprons.	Suppression only, especially when using the lower rates. Apply when disease first appears. For best results lightly water into the root zone and do not mow for 12 hours before or after application. Minimum spray interval is 14 days. When disease pressure is heavy, use the highest rate allowed or consider a tank mix with another fungicide labeled for the same use site and disease.
Pink Snow Mold (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>)	2 – 3.5 Do not exceed the maximum application rate listed in the 'Use Site' table when applying to home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers and golf course tees, greens and aprons.	Apply middle-late November before turf has stopped all growth activity. Lightly water this application into the root zone for best results. For best results, use a spreader-sticker product. Second spray should dry on leaf surfaces with no "watering in". Minimum Spray Interval is 14 days.

USE SITE	MAXIMUM SINGLE APPLICATION RATE		MAXIMUM SEASONAL APPLICATION RATE	
	Fluid ounces/ 1000 sq ft	Fluid ounces/ Acre	Fluid ounces/ 1000 sq ft	Fluid ounces/ Acre
Home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools and day care centers	1-3/4	77 (4.8 pints)	7	309 (19.3 pints)
Golf Courses - Tees/greens/aprons	5-1/4	77 – 232 (4.8 – 14.5 pints)	14-1/4	620 (38.7 pints)
Golf Courses - Fairways (except Florida)	3-1/2	77 – 155 (4.8 – 9.7 pints)	3-1/2	155 (9.7 pints)
Golf Courses - Fairways (Florida only) - Only during overseeding	1-3/4	33 – 77 (2.1 – 4.8 pints)	1-3/4	77 (4.8 pints)

TURF RESTRICTIONS:

Not for homeowner use.

Do not apply with fixed wing or rotary aircraft.

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod.

Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings to livestock or poultry.

Minimum 14-day Retreatment Interval.

Residential/Public Turf areas – Do not apply more than 2.74 lbs ai/acre/application.

Do not apply more than 10.88 lbs ai/acre/year.

Golf Course Turf (tees, greens, aprons) - Do not apply more than 8.16 lbs ai/acre/application. Do not apply more than 21.8 lbs ai/acre/year.

Golf Course Turf (fairways) - Do not apply more than 5.45 lbs ai/acre/year (except Florida). Do not apply more than 2.72 lbs ai/acre/year in Florida.

APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

General Information:

Apply this product only through the following types of sprinkler systems: center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set, hand move (or similar); or flood (basin) irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Remove scale, pesticide residue, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

Determine the treatment rate as indicated in the directions for use for crop and pathogen and measure the intended areas of application.

Prepare a suspension of product in the mix tank or stock bucket. Fill the tank with 1/2 or 3/4 of the desired amount of water. Start agitation and add the required amount of product to the solution along with the remaining volume of water. Use sufficient water to ensure full coverage of foliage. Do not use an amount of water that could lead to excessive runoff from target plants. The amount of water will vary according to the amount of foliage requiring coverage and type of equipment but generally 25 to 100 gallons per acre is adequate.

Maintain a gentle agitation in the mix tank during application to assure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time. An injection ratio of 1:100 is recommended for greenhouse systems.

Pesticide application should begin as soon as irrigation pattern is established and stabilized. Irrigation should continue after application of pesticide for a sufficient amount of time for pesticide to be flushed from end of irrigation system.

**SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS
CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer, or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back towards the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being drawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump or equivalent, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR FLOOD (BASIN), FURROW AND BORDER CHEMIGATION

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

ORNAMENTALS (FIELD AND GREENHOUSE)
FOLIAR SPRAY - PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED

PLANT TYPES	DISEASES
Woody ornamentals, Shade trees ⁽¹⁾	Anthracnose
Herbaceous ornamentals	Asochyta blight
Roses	Black Spot
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Botrytis (Gray Mold)
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Cercospora Leaf Spot
Ligustrum	Corynespora Leaf Spot
Iris	Didymellina Leaf Spot
Shade and Ornamental trees	Diplodia Tip Blight (<i>Diplodia pinea</i>)
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Entomosporium Leaf Spot
Azalea & Rhododendron ⁽²⁾	Ovulinia Blight
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Phomopsis Blight
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals, ornamental nut and fruit trees ⁽³⁾	Powdery Mildews
Herbaceous ornamentals	Ramularia Leaf Spot
Pyracantha, Flowering crab, Ornamental nut and fruit trees ⁽³⁾	Scab
Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Septoria Leaf Spot

KEY TO NOTES:

¹ Begin at bud break and make 2 to 3 additional applications at 10 to 14 day intervals.

² Begin treatment as flowers open.

Maximum application rate for cut flowers 0.5 lbs ai/acre

³ Do not use fruit, nuts or sap from treated trees for food or feed.

Addition of a surfactant to the spray mixture improves distribution of the spray on hard-to-wet plants such as roses.

FOLIAR SPRAY - HYDRAULIC APPLICATION

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: Add required amount of LESCO T-Storm Flowable to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension and apply with properly calibrated spray equipment. Apply until leaves glisten, but not to point of runoff.

APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING FOR DISEASE CONTROL: Begin applications when disease first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals during the growing season. Shorten the interval during humid, rainy weather.

GROUND APPLICATION: Use 20 fluid ounces of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per 100 gallons of water per acre. For control of Powdery Mildew and Botrytis (Gray Mold), use 10 fluid ounces of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per 100 gallons of water, or 1 teaspoonful per 2 gallons of water per acre.

For use on ornamentals only.
Do not apply more than 1.8 lbs ai/acre/application.

DRENCH - PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED:

PLANT TYPES	DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED
Herbaceous annuals, perennials, and bedding plants	Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia stem, crown and root rots
Woody ornamentals (such as azaleas, rhododendrons, conifers, poinsettias)	Cylindrocladium rot, Thielaviopsis rot

NOTE: LESCO T-Storm Flowable does not control *Pythium* spp. or *Phytophthora* spp.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: Add required amount of LESCO T-Storm Flowable to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension.

APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING FOR DISEASE CONTROL: Use 20 fluid ounces of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a drench or heavy spray to 800 sq. ft. of bench area (1 to 2 pints per sq. ft.) after transplanting into propagation beds or containers. Repeat at 2 to 4 week intervals during periods favorable for disease.

PREPLANT DIP TREATMENT - PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED

PLANT TYPES	DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED
Plants or cuttings of woody and herbaceous ornamentals	Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia stem, crown and root rots, Cylindrocladium rot, Thielaviopsis rot
Bulbs (Easter Lily, Tulip, Gladiolus, Daffodil, Iris)	Fusarium and Penicillium rots

APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING FOR DISEASE CONTROL:

Plants or cuttings - Use 20 fluid ounces of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per 100 gallons of water. Immerse plants or cutting for 10 to 15 minutes; remove and allow to drain.

Bulbs - Use 33 fluid ounces of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per 100 gallons of water, or 2 teaspoonfuls of LESCO T-Storm Flowable per gallon of water. Soak cleaned bulbs for 15 to 30 minutes in warm dip (80° to 85° F) preferably within 48 hours of digging. Dry bulbs after treatment. If bulbs are for forcing, treat bulbs that have been heat cured.

Maximum application rate for cut flowers 0.5 lbs ai/acre.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in the original container in a dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks may arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off-target movement, unconventional farming techniques, the presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of LESCO, Inc., and can cause crop injury, injury to non-target crops or plants, ineffectiveness of the product, or other unintended consequences. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

LESCO, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions.

This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to LESCO, Inc., and is subject to the inherent risks described above.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC., MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER DISCLAIM AND SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE, HANDLING, APPLICATION, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL OF THIS PRODUCT OR FOR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF PENALTIES, AND THE USER AND BUYER WAIVE ANY RIGHT THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO SUCH DAMAGES. NO AGENT, REPRESENTATIVE OR EMPLOYEE OF LESCO, INC. IS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION BEYOND THOSE CONTAINED HEREIN OR TO MODIFY THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE TOTAL LIABILITY OF LESCO, INC., MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER, SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT LESCO'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

LESCO T-Storm and the sweeping design are trademarks,
and LESCO is a registered trademark of LESCO Technologies, LLC.
(030609) REV. 10/30/09

090809 2.5 gal
090808 2.5 gal X 2

PEEL BACK BOOK HERE AND RESEAL AFTER OPENING ►



ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)	54.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	46.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains 6.0 Pounds Chlorothalonil Per Gallon (720 grams per liter).

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING – AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID	
IF INHALED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have affected person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
Emergency phone numbers:	(800) 858-7378 NPIC (human and animal health) (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (transportation and spills)
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Persons having a temporary allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.	

#084901

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gal (9.5 L)

Distributed by: **LESCO, Inc.**
1301 East 9th Street
Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

EPA Reg. No. 60063-7-10404
EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with CB)
EPA Est. No. 086555-MO-001 (Lot No. begins with AF)
EPA Est. No. 070989-AR-001 (Lot No. begins with OS)
(080709) 3/10

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING-AVISO**

May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. DO NOT breathe spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes plus socks;
- Protective eye wear;
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; if you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart);
- A NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Chlorothalonil can contaminate surface water through spray drift. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

Chlorothalonil degradates are known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

General Precautions and Restrictions

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during applications. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not use on home lawns and turf sites associated with apartment buildings, daycare centers, playgrounds, recreational park athletic fields, athletic fields located on or next to schools (i.e., elementary, middle and high schools), campgrounds, churches, and theme parks.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Special Eye Irritation Provisions: This product is a severe eye irritant. Although the restricted-entry interval expires after 12 hours, for the next 6 1/2 days entry is permitted only when the following safety measures are provided:

At least one container designed specifically for flushing eyes must be available in operating condition at the WPS-required decontamination site intended for workers entering the treated area.

Workers must be informed, in a manner they can understand:

- that residues in the treated area may be highly irritating to their eyes;
- that they should take precautions, such as refraining from rubbing their eyes, to keep the residues out of their eyes;
- that if they do get residues in their eyes, they should immediately flush their eyes using the eyeflush container that is located at the decontamination site or using other readily available clean water; and
- how to operate the eyeflush container.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170):

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter into treated areas until spray deposits have dried.

This product must not be applied within 150 feet (for aerial and air-blast applications), or 25 feet (for ground applications) from marine/estuarine water bodies unless there is an untreated buffer area of that width between the area to be treated and the water body.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
- Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

AERIAL DRIFT ADVISORY INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable conditions (see Wind, Temperature).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume- Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure- Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles- Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation- Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

-
- Nozzle type- Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, small drops, etc.).

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

LESCO Manicure 6FL is an excellent disease control agent when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases. LESCO Manicure 6FL is recommended for use in programs that are compatible with the principles of Integrated Pest Management (IPM), including the use of disease resistant crop varieties, cultural practices, pest scouting and disease forecasting systems which reduce unnecessary applications of pesticides.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

LESCO Manicure 6FL is effective for strategic use in programs that attempt to minimize disease resistance to fungicides. Some other fungicides which are at risk from disease resistance exhibit a single-site mode of fungicidal action. LESCO Manicure 6FL, with a multi-site mode of action, may be used to delay or prevent the development of resistance to single-site fungicides. Consult with your federal or state Cooperative Extension Service representatives for guidance on the proper use of LESCO Manicure 6FL in programs which seek to minimize the occurrence of disease resistance to other fungicides.

MIXING, LOADING AND APPLYING

LESCO Manicure 6FL is intended to be diluted into water, then applied to crops by typical agricultural spraying techniques. **Always apply LESCO Manicure 6FL in sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage of foliage and crop surfaces intended to be protected from disease.** Spray volume to be used will vary with crop and amount of plant growth. Spray volume should normally range from 20 to 150 gallons per acre (200 to 1400 liters per hectare) for dilute sprays and 5 to 10 gallons per acre (50 to 100 liters per hectare) for concentrate ground sprays and aircraft applications. Both ground and aircraft methods of application are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop.

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Measure the required amount of LESCO Manicure 6FL and pour into the spray tank during filling. Keep agitator running when filling spray tank and during spray operations.

Do not use on greenhouse-grown crops except as directed in the Ornamental Plants section of this label.

TANK MIXING

When tank mixing this product with other pesticides observe the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Do not combine LESCO Manicure 6FL in sprayer tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers, unless your prior use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and noninjurious under your conditions of use. Do not combine LESCO Manicure 6FL with Dipel 4L, Foil, Triton AG-98, Triton B-1956 or Latron B-1956, as phytotoxicity may result from the combination when applied to the crops on this label. DO NOT tank mix LESCO Manicure 6FL with oil, or with any adjuvants which contain oil as their principal ingredient. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, LESCO, Inc. recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) certified adjuvant. Do not use with Copper-Count N in concentrated spray suspensions.

Dipel is a registered trademark of Abbott Laboratories;

Foil is a registered trademark of Ecogen, Inc.;

Latron and B-1956 are trademarks of Rohm and Haas Company;

Copper-Count is a registered trademark of Mineral Research and Development Corporation.

APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION)

Application through sprinkler irrigation systems is recommended only for those specific crops for which the notation "chemigation OK" is listed on this label.

Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, traveling gun, solid set and portable (wheel move, side roll, end tow, or hand move) irrigation system(s). DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. 'Public water system' means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

Controls for both irrigation water and pesticide injection systems must be functionally interlocked, so as to automatically terminate pesticide injection when the irrigation water pump motor stops. A person knowledgeable of the irrigation system and responsible for its operation shall be present so as to discontinue pesticide injection and make necessary adjustments, should the need arise.

The irrigation water pipeline must be fitted with a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of treated irrigation water back toward the water source. The pipeline must also be fitted with a vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain, located between the irrigation water pump and the check valve, to prevent back-siphoning of treated irrigation water into the water source.

Always inject LESCO Manicure 6FL into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line on the suction side of the pump.

Pesticide injection equipment must be fitted with a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump. Interlock this valve to the power system, so as to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the chemical supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually turned off.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

LESCO Manicure 6FL may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type.

A. Center Pivot, Motorized Lateral Move and Traveling Gun Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides, fitted with a system interlock, and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2 to 3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of LESCO Manicure 6FL for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution

or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until LESCO Manicure 6FL has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Wheel Move, Side Roll, End Tow, or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

With stationary systems, an effectively designed in-line venturi applicator unit is preferred which is constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides; however, a positive-displacement pump can also be used.

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a thirty to forty-five minute period. Mix desired amount of LESCO Manicure 6FL for acreage to be covered with water so that the total mixture of LESCO Manicure 6FL plus water in the injection tank is equal to the quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. No agitation should be required. LESCO Manicure 6FL can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until LESCO Manicure 6FL has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

Application Rates

Dosage rates on this label indicate pints of LESCO Manicure 6FL per acre, unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development, the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used.

For each listed crop, the maximum total amount of chlorothalonil active ingredient (lbs a.i./A) which may be applied per acre of that crop (or crop group) during each growing season is given in bold print within a box beneath the crop name. For each crop use situation listed below, the listed maximum individual and seasonal application rates must not be exceeded and the listed minimum retreatment intervals must not be decreased.

TREES

Apply this product in sufficient water and with proper calibration to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy. Application with ground equipment is preferable to aerial application because ground applications generally give better coverage of the tree canopy. If application with ground equipment is not feasible, this product may be applied with aircraft using at least 20 gallons of spray per acre. When concentrate sprays are used or when treating non-bearing or immature trees, use the lower rate of this product listed for the crop being treated.

DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated areas.

DO NOT apply LESCO Manicure 6FL within one week before or after application of oil or an oil-based pesticide.

CROP	PHI (DAYS)	DISEASES	RATE PER ACRE	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS/ACRE)	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
16.5 lbs. a.i./A Conifers	N/A	Swiss needlecast	2-3/4 to 5-1/2 pints	5 to 10 (concentrate ground or aircraft) to 100 (dilute)	Single application technique: In Christmas tree plantations or forest stands make one application in the spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 to 2 inches in length.
		Sclerodermis canker (pines), Swiss needlecast	1-1/2 to 2-3/4 pints		Make the first application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 to 2 inches in length. Make additional applications at 3 to 4 week intervals until conditions no longer favor disease development. For use in nursery beds, apply the highest rate specified on a 3 week schedule.
		Sirococcus tip blight	2 to 3-1/2 pints		
		Rhizosphaera needlecast (spruces), Scirrhia brown spot (pines)	5-1/2 pints		
		Cyclaneusma and Lophodermium needlecasts (pines)	2-3/4 to 5-1/2 pints		Apply in early spring prior to budbreak. Repeat applications at approximately 6 to 8 week intervals, until spore release ceases in late fall. Apply monthly during periods of frequent rainfall, and where Lophodermium infections occur during dormancy (Pacific Northwest). During drought periods, applications may be suspended, then resumed upon next occurrence of needle wetness.

TREES (continued)

CROP	PHI (DAYS)	DISEASES	RATE PER ACRE	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS/ ACRE)	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Conifers 16.5 lbs. a.i./A	N/A	Rhabdocline needlecast (Douglas-fir)	1-1/2 to 2-3/4 pints	5 to 10 (concentrate ground or aircraft) to 100 (dilute)	Apply at budbreak and repeat at 3 to 4 week intervals until needles are fully elongated and conditions no longer favor disease development. In plantations of mixed provenance, or when irregular budbreak occurs, apply weekly until all trees have broken bud, then every 3 to 4 weeks as specified above. In nursery beds, use the high rate on a 3 week schedule.
		Botrytis seedling blight, Phoma twig blight	2-3/4 pints		Begin applications in nursery beds when seedlings are 4 inches tall and when cool, moist conditions favor disease development. Make additional applications at 7 to 14 day intervals as long as disease favorable conditions persist.
		Autoecious needle rust (Weir's cushion rust) (spruces)	5-1/2 pints		Begin applications when 10% of buds have broken and repeat twice thereafter at 7-10 day intervals.

TURFGRASSES

Do not use on home lawns and turf sites associated with apartment buildings, daycare centers, playgrounds, recreational park athletic fields, athletic fields located on or next to schools (i.e., elementary, middle and high schools), campgrounds, churches, and theme parks. Sod farm turf treated with chlorothalonil prior to harvest must be mechanically cut, rolled and harvested. Do not use for sodfarms at application rates greater than 13 pounds of active ingredient, per acre, per year. Do not apply more than the following totals of chlorothalonil active ingredient from all registered product sources to the indicated types of turfgrass:

TYPE OF TURFGRASS	TOTAL CHLOROTHALONIL ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER ACRE PER YEAR
Golf Course Greens	73 lbs.
Golf Course Tees	52 lbs.
Golf Course Fairways	26 lbs.
Sod Farms	13 lbs.
Other Turf	26 lbs.

Apply LESCO Manicure 6FL in 90 to 450 gallons of water per acre on golf course greens and tees, and 30 to 100 gallons of water per acre on fairways, lawns and other turfgrass. Apply with ground equipment only.

Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and repeat applications as long as these conditions persist. Under severe disease conditions use the highest rate and shortest interval corresponding with the application schedule selected from the table below. DO NOT mow or irrigate after treatment until spray deposit on turfgrass is thoroughly dry. LESCO Manicure 6FL should always be used in conjunction with good turf management practices.

TURFGRASSES (continued)

DISEASES* CONTROLLED	INTERVAL OF APPLICATION	GOLF COURSE GREENS & TEES RATE PER 1000 SQ. FT.	GOLF COURSE FAIRWAYS, LAWNS & OTHER TURFGRASS RATE PER ACRE
1. Dollar spot 2. Brown patch 3. Leaf spot, Melting-out, Brown blight 4. Gray leaf spot	7-14 days	2 to 3.6 fluid ounces (4.1 to 7.3 lbs. a.i./acre)	5-1/2 to 9-3/4 pints (4.1 to 7.3 lbs. a.i./acre)
5. Red thread 6. Anthracnose 7. Copper spot 8. Stem rust (bluegrass) 9. Dichondra leaf spot	7 days or 14 days	3.6 fluid ounces or 5-1/2 fluid ounces (7.3 or 11.3 lbs. a.i./acre)	9-3/4 pints or 15 pints (7.3 or 11.3 lbs. a.i./acre)

*Diseases listed are caused by fungi, some of which are named as follows:

1. Dollar spot: *Sclerotinia homeocarpa*; *Lanzia* or *Moellerodiscus* spp.
2. Brown patch: *Rhizoctonia solani*, *R. zeae*, *R. cerealis*
3. Leaf spots, Melting-out, Brown blight: *Drechslera* spp. (including *D. poae*, *D. siccans*), *Bipolaris sorokiniana*, *Curvularia* spp.)
4. Gray leaf spot: *Pyricularia grisea*, *P. oryzae*
5. Red thread: *Laetisaria fuciformis*
6. Anthracnose: *Colletotrichum graminicola*
7. Copper spot: *Gloeocercospora sorghi*
8. Stem rust: *Puccinia graminis*
9. Dichondra leaf spot: *Alternaria* spp.

Gray Snow Mold caused by *Typhula* spp.: Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage (2 to 10 gallons per 1,000 square feet). Apply 5-1/2 fluid ounces of LESCO Manicure 6FL per 1,000 square feet of turf area (15 pints per acre). Application must be made before snow cover in autumn. If snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter, re-apply LESCO Manicure 6FL at monthly intervals until Gray Snow Mold conditions no longer prevail. In areas where Pink Snow Mold (*Microdochium* or *Fusarium* patch) is likely to occur, apply LESCO Manicure 6FL at 5-1/2 fluid ounces in combination with products containing iprodione at 2 ounces active ingredient, per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Read and observe all label directions for products containing these active ingredients.

Fusarium (Microdochium) Patch: LESCO Manicure 6FL is effective against *Fusarium* patch only in areas where snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter. Apply 5-1/2 fluid ounces of LESCO Manicure 6FL per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Begin applications in late autumn and re-apply at 21 to 28 day intervals until conditions favorable for *Fusarium* patch no longer prevail.

Algal scum: Apply LESCO Manicure 6FL at 2 to 3.6 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet on a 7 to 14 day schedule. When colonies of algae are well established, every attempt should be made to dry out the afflicted area. Once dry, spiking or verticutting should be done to enhance turfgrass recovery in conjunction with the use of LESCO Manicure 6FL. Several applications of LESCO Manicure 6FL at the high rate may be necessary for turfgrass recovery. When environmental conditions are favorable for algae growth, a preventive program with LESCO Manicure 6FL will suppress re-colonization of the turf.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

Apply LESCO Manicure 6FL at a rate of 1-3/8 pints per 100 gallons of water unless other directions are given in the tables below. Apply enough diluted spray per acre to provide thorough coverage of all plant parts that are intended to be protected from disease, generally ranging from 20 to 150 gallons per acre. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals until conditions are no longer favorable for disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease incidence, generally cloudy or wet weather, apply LESCO Manicure 6FL at 7 day intervals. **DO NOT apply more than a total of 36.4 lbs. chlorothalonil active ingredient per acre per growing season on field-grown ornamentals.**

Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants **MUST NOT BE EATEN.**

This product may be used in greenhouses. DO NOT use mistblowers or high pressure spray equipment when making applications of this product in greenhouses.

LESCO Manicure 6FL is recommended for control of fungal diseases referred to by numbers in parentheses following each type of ornamental plant. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses, using recommended rates on each type of ornamental plant on a small area prior to widespread use. Applications made during bloom may damage flowers and/or fruits.

ORNAMENTALS RECOMMENDED FOR TREATMENT WITH LESCO MANICURE 6FL

Broadleaf Shrubs and Trees		
Andromeda (<i>Pieris</i>) (4) Ash (<i>Fraxinus</i>) (1) Aspen (1) Azalea (1,2,4) Buckeye, Horsechestnut (1) Camellia (2) Cherry-laurel (1) Crabapple (1,6) Dogwood (1) Eucalyptus (3) Euonymus (1) Firethorn (<i>Pyracantha</i>) (1)	Flowering almond (1,2) Flowering cherry (1,2) Flowering peach (1,2) Flowering plum (1,2) Flowering quince (1,2) Hawthorn (1,6) Holly (1) Lilac (5) Magnolia (1) Maple (1) Mountain laurel (1) Oak (red group only) (1,7)	Oregon-grape (<i>Mahonia</i>) (6) Red-tip (<i>Photinia</i>) (1) Poplar (1) Privet (<i>Ligustrum</i>) (1) Rhododendron (1,2,4) Sand cherry (1,2) Sequoia (1) Spirea (1) Sycamore, Planetree (1) Viburnum (5) Walnut (<i>Juglans</i>) (1)

Flowering ^a Plants and Bulbs		
Arabian violet (2) Begonia (1) Carnation (1,2) Chrysanthemum (1,2) Crocus (1) Daffodil (1) Daisy (1) Geranium (1,6)	Gladiolus (1,2) Hollyhock (6) Hydrangea (foliage only) (1,6) Iris (1,2) Lily (1) Marigold (1) Narcissus (1) Pansy (1)	Petunia (1,4) Phlox (1) Poinsettia ^b (1) Rose ^c (1) Statice (1) Tulip (1) Zinnia (1,5)

- a/ Avoid applications during bloom period on plants where flower injury is unacceptable.
 b/ Discontinue applications prior to bract formation; phytotoxicity is possible on the bracts.
 c/ Use 1 pint of LESCO Manicure 6FL per 100 gallons of water.

Foliage Plants		
Aglaonema (1) Areca palm (1) Artemesia (1) Boston fern (<i>Nephrolepis</i>) (1) Dracaena (1) Dumbcane (<i>Dieffenbachia</i>) (1) Fatsia (<i>Aralia</i>) (1)	Ficus (1) Florida ruffe fern (1) Leatherleaf fern (1) Lipstick plant (1) Ming aralia (1) Oyster plant (<i>Rhoeo</i>) (1) Pachysandra ^d (1)	Parlor palm (<i>Chamaedorea</i>) (1) Peperomia (1) Philodendron (1,4) Prayer plant (<i>Maranta</i>) (1) Syngonium (1) Zebra plant (<i>Aphelandra</i>)

- d/ Use 2-3/4 pints of LESCO Manicure 6FL per 100 gallons of water.

DISEASES CONTROLLED WITH LESCO MANICURE 6FL

1. Leafspots & Foliar Blights:		
Actinopelte leafspot Alternaria leafspot or leaf blight Anthracnose (<i>Gnomonia</i> , <i>Glomerella</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> , <i>Discula</i>) blights Black spot (<i>Diplocarpon</i>) Botrytis blights Cephalosporium leafspot Cercospora leafspot Cercosporidium leafspot Corynespora stem & leafspots Curvularia leafspot	Dactylaria leafspot Didymellina leafspot Drechslera (<i>Bipolaris</i>) leafspots, inkspot Fabraea (<i>Entomosporium</i>) leafspot Fusarium (<i>Gibberella</i>) leafspot Gloeosporium black leafspot Marssonina leafspot Monilinia blossom blight, twig blight Mycosphaerella ray blight Myrothecium leafspot, brown rot Phyllosticta leafspot	Ramularia leafspot Rhizoctonia web blight Scab (<i>Venturia</i>) Septoria leafspot Shoohole (<i>Stigmina</i>) Sphaeropsis leafspot Stagonospora leaf scorch Tan leafspot (<i>Curvularia</i>) Volutella leaf blight

(continued)

DISEASES CONTROLLED WITH LESCO MANICURE 6FL (continued)

2. Flower Spots and Blights:		
Botrytis flower spot, flower blight Curvularia flower spot	Monilinia blossom blight Ovulinia flower blight	Rhizopus blossom blight Sclerotinia flower blight
3. Cylindrocladium stem canker		
4. Phytophthora leaf blight, dieback		
5. Powdery mildews:		
<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>	<i>Microsphaera</i> spp.	<i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i>
6. Rusts:		
<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.	<i>Puccinia</i> spp.	<i>Pucciniastrum hydrangeae</i>
7. Taphrina blister		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool place. Protect from excessive heat.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Containers < 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Minibulk Containers: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Bulk Containers: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; and return to the point of purchase, or to a designated location named at the time of purchase of this product. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged or leaking, call Chem-Trec. If the container is damaged and leaking or material has been spilled, follow these procedures:

- Cover spill with absorbent material.
- Sweep into disposal container.
- Wash area with detergent and water and follow with clean water rinse.
- Do not allow to contaminate water supplies.
- Dispose of according to instructions.

If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, clean empty container as instructed above and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

CONDITIONS OF SALE: To the extent consistent with applicable law LESCO, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to LESCO, Inc. **LESCO, INC. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW. LESCO, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, AND LESCO, INC.'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. BUYER AND USER ACKNOWLEDGE AND ASSUME ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY RESULTING FROM HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT. LESCO, INC. DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION CONCERNING THIS PRODUCT.**

LESCO and Manicure are registered trademarks of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

Accu-Stick and the sweeping design are trademarks of LESCO Technologies, LLC.

(080709) 3/10

NOTES



ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile) 54.0%
 OTHER INGREDIENTS: 46.0%
 TOTAL: 100.0%

Contains 6.0 Pounds Chlorothalonil Per Gallon (720 grams per liter).

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
 WARNING - AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID	
IF INHALED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have affected person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
Emergency phone numbers:	(800) 858-7378 NPIC (human and animal health) (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (transportation and spills)
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Persons having a temporary allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.	

#084901
 NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gal (9.5 L)

Distributed by: **LESCO, Inc.**
 1301 East 9th Street
 Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

EPA Reg. No. 60063-7-10404
 EPA Est. No. 70815-GA-001 (Lot No. begins with CB)
 EPA Est. No. 086555-MO-001 (Lot No. begins with AF)
 EPA Est. No. 070989-AR-001 (Lot No. begins with OS)
 (080709) 3/10

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING - AVISO

May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes plus socks;
- Protective eye wear;
- Chemical resistant gloves made of waterproof material (some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; if you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart);
- A NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

Engineering Controls:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. DO NOT apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Chlorothalonil can contaminate surface water through spray drift. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

Chlorothalonil degradates are known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Zinc is incorporated into this formulation as a micronutrient to provide plants with zinc required for growth.

General Precautions and Restrictions

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during applications. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves made of waterproof material, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Special Eye Irritation Provisions: This product is a severe eye irritant. Although the restricted-entry interval expires after 12 hours, for the next 61/2 days entry is permitted only when the following safety measures are provided:

At least one container designed specifically for flushing eyes must be available in operating condition at the WPS-required decontamination site intended for workers entering the treated area.

Workers must be informed, in a manner they can understand:

- that residues in the treated area may be highly irritating to their eyes;
- that they should take precautions, such as refraining from rubbing their eyes, to keep the residues out of their eyes;
- that if they do get residues in their eyes, they should immediately flush their eyes using the eyeflush container that is located at the decontamination site or using other readily available clean water; and
- how to operate the eyeflush container.

This product must not be applied within 150 feet (for aerial and air-blast applications), or 25 feet (for ground applications) from marine/estuarine water bodies unless there is an untreated buffer area of that width between the area to be treated and the water body.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

AERIAL DRIFT ADVISORY INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable conditions (see Wind, Temperature).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume- Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure- Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles- Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation- Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type- Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, small drops, etc.).

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

ECHO is an excellent disease control agent when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases. ECHO is recommended for use in programs that are compatible with the principles of Integrated Pest Management (IPM), including the use of disease resistant crop varieties, cultural practices, pest scouting and disease forecasting systems which reduce unnecessary applications of pesticides.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

ECHO is effective for strategic use in programs that attempt to minimize disease resistance to fungicides. Some other fungicides which are at risk from disease resistance exhibit a single-site mode of fungicidal action. ECHO, with a multi-site mode of action, may be used to delay or prevent the development of resistance to single-site fungicides. Consult with your federal or state Cooperative Extension Service representatives for guidance on the proper use of ECHO in programs which seek to minimize the occurrence of disease resistance to other fungicides.

MIXING, LOADING AND APPLYING

ECHO is intended to be diluted into water, then applied to crops by typical agricultural spraying techniques. **Always apply ECHO in sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage of foliage and crop surfaces intended to be protected from disease.** Spray volume to be used will vary with crop and amount of plant growth. Spray volume should normally range from 20 to 150 gallons per acre (200 to 1400 liters per hectare) for dilute sprays and 5 to 10 gallons per acre (50 to 100 liters per hectare) for concentrate ground sprays and aircraft applications. Both ground and aircraft methods of application are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop.

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Measure the required amount of ECHO and pour into the spray tank during filling. Keep agitator running when filling spray tank and during spray operations.

Do not use on greenhouse-grown crops except as directed in the Ornamental Plants section of this label.

TANK MIXING

When tank mixing this product with other pesticides observe the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Do not combine ECHO in sprayer tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers, unless your prior use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and noninjurious under your conditions of use. Do not combine ECHO with Dipel 4L, Foil, Triton AG-98, Triton B-1956 or Latron B-1956, as phytotoxicity may result from the combination when applied to the crops on this label. DO NOT tank mix Echo with oil, or with any adjuvants which contain oil as their principal ingredient. Do not use with Copper-Count N in concentrated spray suspensions.

Dipel is a registered trademark of Abbott Laboratories;

Foil is a registered trademark of Ecogen, Inc.;

Latron and B-1956 are trademarks of Rohm and Haas Company;

Copper-Count is a registered trademark of Mineral Research and Development Corporation.

APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION)

Application through sprinkler irrigation systems is recommended only for those specific crops for which the notation "chemigation OK" is listed on this label.

Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, traveling gun, solid set and portable (wheel move, side roll, end tow, or hand move) irrigation system(s). DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. 'Public water system' means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

Controls for both irrigation water and pesticide injection systems must be functionally interlocked, so as to automatically terminate pesticide injection when the irrigation water pump motor stops. A person knowledgeable of the irrigation system and responsible for its operation shall be present so as to discontinue pesticide injection and make necessary adjustments, should the need arise.

The irrigation water pipeline must be fitted with a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of treated irrigation water back toward the water source. The pipeline must also be fitted with a vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain, located between the irrigation water pump and the check valve, to prevent back-siphoning of treated irrigation water into the water source.

Always inject ECHO into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line on the suction side of the pump.

Pesticide injection equipment must be fitted with a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump. Interlock this valve to the power system, so as to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the chemical supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually turned off.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

ECHO may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type.

A. CENTER PIVOT, MOTORIZED LATERAL MOVE AND TRAVELING GUN IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides, fitted with a system interlock, and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2 to 3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of ECHO for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until ECHO has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. SOLID SET AND PORTABLE (WHEEL MOVE, SIDE ROLL, END TOW, OR HAND MOVE) IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT

With stationary systems, an effectively designed in-line venturi applicator unit is preferred which is constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides; however, a positive-displacement pump can also be used.

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a thirty to forty-five minute period. Mix desired amount of ECHO for acreage to be covered with water so that the total mixture of ECHO plus water in the injection tank is equal to the quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. No agitation should be required. ECHO can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until ECHO has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

APPLICATION RATES

Dosage rates on this label indicate pints of ECHO Zn per acre, unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development, the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used.

For each listed crop, the maximum total amount of chlorothalonil active ingredient (lbs a.i./A) which may be applied per acre of that crop (or crop group) during each growing season is given in bold print within a box beneath the crop name. For each crop use situation listed below, the listed maximum individual and seasonal application rates must not be exceeded and the listed minimum retreatment intervals must not be decreased.

TURFGRASSES

Use of this product on home lawns is prohibited. Sodfarm turf treated with chlorothalonil prior to harvest must be mechanically cut, rolled and harvested. Do not apply more than the following totals of chlorothalonil active ingredient from all registered product sources to the indicated types of turfgrass:

TYPE OF TURFGRASS	TOTAL CHLOROTHALONIL ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER ACRE PER YEAR
Golf Course Greens	73 lbs
Golf Course Tees	52 lbs
Golf Course Fairways	26 lbs
Sod Farms	26 lbs
Other Turf	26 lbs

Apply ECHO in 90 to 450 gallons of water per acre on golf course greens and tees, and 30 to 100 gallons of water per acre on fairways, lawns and other turfgrass. Apply with ground equipment only.

Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and repeat applications as long as these conditions persist. Under severe disease conditions use the highest rate and shortest interval corresponding with the application schedule selected from the table below. DO NOT mow or irrigate after treatment until spray deposit on turfgrass is thoroughly dry. ECHO should always be used in conjunction with good turf management practices.

DISEASES* CONTROLLED	INTERVAL OF APPLICATION	GOLF COURSE GREENS & TEES RATE PER 1,000 SQ.FT.	GOLF COURSE FAIRWAYS, LAWNS & OTHER TURFGRASS RATE PER ACRE
1. Dollar spot 2. Brown patch 3. Leaf spot, Melting-out, Brown blight 4. Gray leaf spot	7-14 days	3 to 5 fluid ounces (4.1 to 7.3 lbs a.i./acre)	8 to 14 pints (4.1 to 7.3 lbs a.i./acre)
5. Red thread 6. Anthracnose 7. Copper spot 8. Stem rust (bluegrass) 9. Dichondra leaf spot	7 days or 14 days	5 fluid ounces (7.3 lbs a.i./acre) or 8 fluid ounces (11.3 lbs a.i./acre)	14 pints (7.3 lbs a.i./acre) or 22 pints (11.3 lbs a.i./acre)

*Diseases listed are caused by fungi, some of which are named as follows:

1. Dollar spot: *Sclerotinia homeocarpa*; *Lanzia* or *Moellerodiscus* spp.
2. Brown patch: *Rhizoctonia solani*, *R. zeae*, *R. cerealis*
3. Leaf spots, Melting-out, Brown blight: *Drechslera* spp. (including *D. poae*, *D. siccans*), *Bipolaris sorokiniana*, *Curvularia* spp.
4. Gray leaf spot: *Pyricularia grisea*, *P. oryzae*
5. Red thread: *Laetisaria fuciformis*
6. Anthracnose: *Colletotrichum graminicola*
7. Copper spot: *Gloeocercospora sorghi*
8. Stem rust: *Puccinia graminis*
9. Dichondra leaf spot: *Alternaria* spp.

Gray Snow Mold caused by *Typhula* spp.: Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage (2 to 10 gallons per 1,000 square feet). Apply 8 fluid ounces of ECHO Zn per 1,000 square feet of turf area (22 pints per acre). Application must be made before snow cover in autumn. If snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter, re-apply ECHO at monthly intervals until Gray Snow Mold conditions no longer prevail. In areas where Pink Snow Mold (*Microdochium* or *Fusarium* patch) is likely to occur, apply ECHO Zn at 8 fluid ounces in combination with products containing iprodione at 2 ounces active ingredient, per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Read and observe all label directions for products containing these active ingredients.

Fusarium (Microdochium) Patch: ECHO is effective against *Fusarium* patch only in areas where snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter. Apply 8 fluid ounces of ECHO Zn per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Begin applications in late autumn and re-apply at 21 to 28 day intervals until conditions favorable for *Fusarium* patch no longer prevail.

Algal scum: Apply ECHO Zn at 3 to 5 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet on a 7 to 14 day schedule. When colonies of algae are well established, every attempt should be made to dry out the afflicted area. Once dry, spiking or verticutting should be done to enhance turfgrass recovery in conjunction with the use of ECHO. Several applications of ECHO at the high rate may be necessary for turfgrass recovery. When environmental conditions are favorable for algae growth, a preventive program with ECHO will suppress re-colonization of the turf.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

Apply ECHO Zn at a rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of water unless other directions are given in the tables below. Apply enough diluted spray per acre to provide thorough coverage of all plant parts that are intended to be protected from disease, generally ranging from 20 to 150 gallons per acre. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals until conditions are no longer favorable for disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease incidence, generally cloudy or wet weather, apply ECHO at 7 day intervals. **DO NOT apply more than a total of 36.4 lbs chlorothalonil active ingredient per acre per growing season on field-grown ornamentals.**

Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants **MUST NOT BE EATEN.**

This product may be used in greenhouses. DO NOT use mistblowers or high pressure spray equipment when making applications of this product in greenhouses.

ECHO is recommended for control of fungal diseases referred to by numbers in parentheses following each type of ornamental plant. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses, using recommended rates on each type of ornamental plant on a small area prior to widespread use. Applications made during bloom may damage flowers and/or fruits.

ORNAMENTALS RECOMMENDED FOR TREATMENT WITH ECHO

Broadleaf Shrubs and Trees	
Andromeda (<i>Pieris</i>) (4) Ash (<i>Fraxinus</i>) (1) Aspen (1) Azalea (1,2,4) Buckeye, Horsechestnut (1) Camellia (2) Cherry-laurel (1) Crabapple (1,6) Dogwood (1) Eucalyptus (3) Euonymus (1) Firethorn (<i>Pyracantha</i>) (1) Flowering almond (1,2) Flowering cherry (1,2) Flowering peach (1,2) Flowering plum (1,2) Flowering quince (1,2) Hawthorn (1,6)	Holly (1) Lilac (5) Magnolia (1) Maple (1) Mountain laurel (1) Oak (red group only) (1,7) Oregon-grape (<i>Mahonia</i>) (6) Red-tip (<i>Photinia</i>) (1) Poplar (1) Privet (<i>Ligustrum</i>) (1) Rhododendron (1,2,4) Sand cherry (1,2) Sequoia (1) Spirea (1) Sycamore, Planetree (1) Viburnum (5) Walnut (<i>Juglans</i>) (1)

Flowering ^a Plants and Bulbs	
Arabian violet (2) Begonia (1) Carnation (1,2) Chrysanthemum (1,2) Crocus (1) Daffodil (1) Daisy (1) Geranium (1,6) Gladiolus (1,2) Hollyhock (6) Hydrangea (foliage only) (1,6) Iris (1,2)	Lily (1) Marigold (1) Narcissus (1) Pansy (1) Petunia (1,4) Phlox (1) Poinsettia ^b (1) Rose ^c (1) Statice (1) Tulip (1) Zinnia (1,5)

a/ Avoid applications during bloom period on plants where flower injury is unacceptable.

b/ Discontinue applications prior to bract formation; phytotoxicity is possible on the bracts.

c/ Use 1 1/2 pints of ECHO Zn per 100 gallons of water.

Foliage Plants	
Aglaonema (1) Areca palm (1) Artemesia (1) Boston fern (<i>Nephrolepis</i>) (1) Dracaena (1) Dumbcane (<i>Dieffenbachia</i>) (1) Fatsia (<i>Aralia</i>) (1) Ficus (1) Florida ruffle fern (1) Leatherleaf fern (1)	Lipstick plant (1) Ming aralia (1) Oyster plant (<i>Rhoeo</i>) (1) Pachysandra ^d (1) Parlor palm (<i>Chamaedorea</i>) (1) Peperomia (1) Philodendron (1,4) Prayer plant (<i>Maranta</i>) (1) Syngonium (1) Zebra plant (<i>Aphelandra</i>) (1)

d/ Use 4 pints of ECHO Zn per 100 gallons of water.

DISEASES CONTROLLED WITH ECHO:

1. Leafspots & Foliar Blights:	
Actinopelte leafspot Alternaria leafspot or leaf blight Anthracnose (<i>Gnomonia</i> , <i>Glomerella</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> , <i>Discula</i>) blights Black spot (<i>Diplocarpon</i>) Botrytis blights Cephalosporium leafspot Cercospora leafspot Cercosporidium leafspot Shothole (<i>Stigmina</i>) Corynespora stem & leafspots Curvularia leafspot Dactylaria leafspot Didymellina leafspot Drechslera (<i>Bipolaris</i>) leafspots, inkspot Fabraea (<i>Entomosporium</i>) leafspot	Fusarium (<i>Gibberella</i>) leafspot Gloeosporium black leafspot Marssonina leafspot Monilinia blossom blight, twig blight Mycosphaerella ray blight Myrothecium leafspot, brown rot Phyllosticta leafspot Ramularia leafspot Rhizoctonia web blight Scab (<i>Venturia</i>) Septoria leafspot Sphaeropsis leafspot Stagonospora leaf scorch Tan leafspot (<i>Curvularia</i>) Volutella leaf blight
2. Flower Spots & Blights:	
Botrytis flower spot, flower blight Curvularia flower spot Monilinia blossom blight	Ovulinia flower blight Rhizopus blossom blight Sclerotinia flower blight
3. Cylindrocladium stem canker	
4. Phytophthora leaf blight, dieback	
5. Powdery mildews:	
<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i> <i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i>	<i>Microsphaera spp.</i>
6. Rusts:	
<i>Gymnosporangium spp.</i> <i>Pucciniastrum hydrangeae</i>	<i>Puccinia spp.</i>
7. Taphrina blister	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool place. Protect from excessive heat.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: DO NOT reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable Refillable Container: If ECHO Zn is packaged in a returnable refillable container, then, after use, do not rinse container. Return container intact to point of purchase. This container must only be refilled with ECHO Zn. DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. Before refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transport.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

CONDITIONS OF SALE: Sipcarn Agro USA, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Sipcarn Agro USA, Inc.. **SIPCARN AGRO USA, INC. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY. SIPCARN AGRO USA, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, AND SIPCARN AGRO USA, INC.'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. BUYER AND USER ACKNOWLEDGE AND ASSUME ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY RESULTING FROM HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT. SIPCARN AGRO USA, INC. DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION CONCERNING THIS PRODUCT.**

NOTES



SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC.

CLICK HERE TO JUMP TO USE DIRECTIONS



MECOMEC® 2.5 TURF HERBICIDE

For Control of Clover and other Broadleaf Weeds in Golf Greens, Fairways, and Lawns.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Potassium salt of (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid 15.55%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 84.45%

TOTAL 100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

Equivalent to 13.20% (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent or contains 1.16 lbs. MCPP-p per gallon.

Contains single isomer form of Mecoprop-p.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See below for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid.

KEEP FROM FREEZING



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes and gloves when mixing, loading or applying this product. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing, loading or applying this product. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. <p style="text-align: right;"><i>(continued on next column)</i></p>

FIRST AID (cont.)

If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.</p>	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Drift or runoff may adversely affect nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as MCPP-p have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling MCPP-p pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not reenter or permit workers to reenter treated area until sprays have dried or dusts have settled.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing. Do not store open containers near seeds, feeds, fertilizer or pesticides including insecticides, fungicides and herbicides other than those containing 2,4-D or brush killers.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

MECOMEC® 2.5 Turf Herbicide will not injure bentgrass, established lawns or turfgrass when used as directed. Controls mouseear chickweed, clover, plantains, black medic and knotweed in turfgrass.

Apply when weeds are young and actively growing. Do not apply to bentgrasses in the heat of the summer. Do not mow for several days before or after treatment. Do not water for one day following treatment.

Do not allow spray mist, visible or invisible vapors, or air containing mist or vapors to contact plants, other than those being sprayed. If 2,4-D or MCPP-p susceptible plants are growing within a distance of ½ mile from the area being sprayed, make application only when there is a light breeze away from the susceptible plants. Spray drift can be reduced by using high volume sprays under low pressure, coarse droplet nozzles and boom nozzle drops. Susceptible crops include grapes, tomatoes, tobacco, sugar beets, sunflowers, beans, cauliflower and cabbage, boxelder trees, as well as many other field, vegetables, flowers, ornamental and fruit crops. Do not contaminate streams, lakes, ponds, irrigation water, or water used for livestock or domestic purposes.

Sprayers which have contained MCPP-p should not be used to apply other pesticides to 2,4-D or MCPP-p susceptible crops.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

ESTABLISHED GRASSES (Fairways and Lawns):

For broadcast applications and spot treatments: Apply 1½-2¼ fluid ounces of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass with spray volumes of 0.5-4.0 gallons per 1,000 square feet. Or, the equivalent dosage rate is 4 to 6 pints of product with spray volumes ranging from 22-174 gallons per acre.

NOTE: If dandelions are a problem, add 2,4-D at the recommended rate except on bentgrasses where the rate of 2,4-D should not exceed 4 oz. acid equivalent per acre.

ESTABLISHED GREENS:

For broadcast applications and spot treatments to control mouseear chickweed, black medic, knotweed, and plantains: Apply 1 ½ fluid ounces of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass with spray volumes ranging from 0.5-4.0 gallons per 1,000 square feet. Or, the equivalent dosage rate is 4 pints of product with spray volumes ranging from 22-174 gallons per acre.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

MECOMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.

892/6-2004 AP062703
EPA REG. NO. 33955-483-2217

Distributed By
 **pbi/gordon**
corporation
An Employee-Owned Company
1217 West 12th Street
Kansas City, Missouri 64101
www.pbigordon.com

SPILLIMEN
LABEL

MERIT[®] 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer

For fertilization and insect control in turfgrass and landscape ornamentals and sod farms

Fertilizer with MERIT[®] Insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Imidacloprid, 1-[[6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-
imidazoimidinime 0.2%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 99.8%
Total 100.0%

U.S. Patent No. 5,783,203

Contains I.F.S.C.O.[®] Poly Plus[®] Sulfur Coated Urea to provide uniform growth with extended nitrogen feeding.

STOP - Read the label before use KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no puede leer o entender inglés, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

(TO THE USER: If you cannot read or understand English, do not use this product until the label has been fully explained to you.)

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY

Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-321-5325

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

FIRST AID

If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note to Physician:

No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

WPS USES: Applicators and Other Handlers who handle this product for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR part 170) – in general, agricultural plant uses e.g., use in sod farms, must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (PVC) or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Non-WPS USES: Applicators and other handlers who handle this product for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR part 170) – in general, only agricultural plant uses are covered by the WPS, must wear:

- Shirt and pants
- Gloves
- Shoes plus socks

User Safety Recommendation:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Do not formulate this product into other end-use products.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep children and pets off treated area until dry.

24-0-11

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

TOTAL NITROGEN (N)	24.00%
24.00% Urea Nitrogen*	
SOLUBLE POTASH (K ₂ O).....	11.00%
SULFUR (S) Total	3.60%
3.60% Free Sulfur (S)	
DERIVED FROM: Polymer Coated Sulfur Coated Urea, Urea, Muriate of Potash.	
CHLORINE (Cl) Max.	8.50%
*10.80% Slowly available Urea Nitrogen from Polymer Coated Sulfur Coated Urea.	

EPA Reg. No. 432-1349-10404

EPA Est. No. 82757-OH-001 (M)
82757-FL-001 (S)
82757-MA-002 (H)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Non-refillable container. Do not re-use or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by the state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If material is spilled for any reason or cause, carefully contain any spilled material to prevent non-target contamination. Do not walk through spilled material and dispose of as directed for pesticides above.

Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

#082107

T

MERIT® 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer

APPLICATION TO TURFGRASS

The use of this product will provide plant nutrients as well as providing control of selected insect pests. LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer can be used for the control of soil inhabiting pests of turfgrass, for example, Northern & Southern masked chafers, *Cyclocephala borealis*, *C. immaculata*, and/or *C. lurida*; Asiatic garden beetle, *Maliadera castanea*; European chafer, *Rhizotrogus majalis*; Green June beetle, *Cotinus nitida*; May or June beetles, *Phyllophaga* spp.; Japanese beetle, *Popillia japonica*; Oriental beetle, *Anomala orientalis*; sugarcane beetle, *Euvethoia humilis rugiceps*; Billbugs, *Sphenophorus* spp.; Annual bluegrass weevil, *Listronotus maculicollis*. Black turfgrass ateniens, *Ateniens spretulus*; *Aphodius* spp.; crane flies, *Tipula* spp., and mole crickets, *Scapteriscus* spp. LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer can be used as directed on turfgrass, for example, in home lawns, business and office complexes, shopping complexes, multi-family residential complexes, golf courses, airports, cemeteries, parks, playgrounds, athletic fields and sod farms. The active ingredient in LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer has sufficient residual activity so that applications can be made preceding the egg laying activity of the target pests. High levels of control can be achieved when applications are made preceding or during the egg laying period. The need for an application can be based on historical monitoring of the site, previous records or experiences, current season adult trapping or other methods.

Optimum control will be achieved when applications are made prior to egg hatch of the target pest, followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the thatch.

Do not make applications when turfgrass areas are waterlogged or the soil is saturated with water. Adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist. The treated turf must be in such a condition that the rainfall or irrigation will penetrate vertically into the soil profile. Applications cannot exceed a total of 200 lb (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.

APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTALS

LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer can be used as a broadcast application on ornamentals in commercial and residential landscapes, as well as on landscaped areas of golf courses and other recreational areas. This is a systemic product, with the active ingredient being absorbed by the roots and translocated upward within the plant. Optimum control will be achieved when applications are followed by sufficient mechanical incorporation, irrigation or rainfall to place the active ingredient into the soil. Make application prior to anticipated pest infestation to achieve optimum levels of control.

Applications of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer cannot exceed a total of 200 lb (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.

NOTE: Not for use in commercial greenhouses, or nurseries.

APPLICATION RATES		
CROP	PEST	DOSAGE LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer
Turf Grasses	Annual bluegrass weevil Billbugs Crane flies	Green June beetle Japanese beetle Northern masked chafer Oriental beetle <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp. Southern masked chafer Sugarcane beetle
	Larvae of white grubs, for example: <i>Aphodius</i> sp. Asiatic garden beetle Black turfgrass ateniens European chafer	150 to 200 lb per acre or 3.5 to 4.5 lb per 1000 sq ft
For optimum control, make application prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Be sure to read "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT" Section of this label.		
	Mole crickets Chinch bugs (suppression)	200 lb per acre or 4.5 lb per 1000 sq ft
For suppression of chinch bugs, make application prior to the hatching of the first instar nymphs. For control of mole crickets make application within one week of the peak egg hatch period. If application is not made prior to egg hatch, and adults or large nymphs are present and actively tunneling, apply LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Fertilizer in combination with a remedial insecticide to minimize damage to turf.		
Consult your local State Agricultural Experiment Station or State Extension Turf Specialists for more specific information regarding timing of application.		
NOTE: For optimum control, irrigate if rainfall does not occur within 24 hours after application to move the active ingredient through the thatch. On golf courses, irrigate treated areas following application. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year. Avoid mowing turf or lawn area until after irrigation or rainfall has occurred so that uniformity of application will not be affected.		

APPLICATION RATES FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS		
CROP	PEST	DOSAGE LESCO MERIT + Turf Fertilizer
Landscape Plantings including: Trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Flowers, Foliage Plants, Ground Covers	White grub larvae for example: Japanese beetle larvae, Chafers, <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp., Asiatic garden beetle, Oriental beetle	3.5 to 4.5 lb per 1,000 sq ft
Apply as a broadcast treatment. Prior to application, remove black plastic or other weed barrier material that will not permit water permeability.		
NOTE: For optimum control, mechanical incorporation, irrigation or rainfall must occur within 24 hours after application to move the active ingredient into soil. Refer to label sections on application equipment and spreader settings.		

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Apply LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer uniformly over the area being treated with typical granular application equipment. Both drop-type and rotary-type spreaders may be used to apply LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer. Avoid the use of spreaders which would apply the material in narrow, concentrated bands. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to the manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly and accurately.

Spreader Setting for LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer

The following chart can be used as a guide in establishing an accurate rate of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer. The suggested settings must provide an application rate of 3.5 lb per 1000 sq ft, or 150 lb per acre. Application rates will vary dependent upon speed, equipment wear and condition of spreader. Carefully calibrate all equipment used prior to commercial use of this product.

ROTARY SPREADER	SETTINGS
LESCO Calibration Gauge	#14
Cyclone® or Spyrker®	4
Vicon®	22
Lely®	4 II

RESTRICTIONS

Avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application. Avoid application of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer to areas which are water-logged or saturated, which will not allow penetration into the root zone of the plant. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year. Do not apply to vegetable gardens.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of LESCO, INC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

EPA Reg. No. 432-1349-10404
EPA Est. No. 82757-OH-001(M); 82757-FL-001 (S),
82757-MA-002 (H)

F1560

Distributed by: LESCO, Inc.
1385 East 36th Street
Cleveland, OH 44114-4114



DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of LESCO, INC. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages, resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT LESCO, INC.'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer is specially formulated and sold by LESCO, INC. for the control of insects according to the directions on this label. Bayer CropScience LP has rights to U.S. Patent No. 5,793,203. The purchase price of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer includes a prepaid license under which purchaser agrees to employ the purchased quantity of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer only for the above-specified uses under Bayer's United States patent rights and to provide notice of the terms and conditions of this license to any subsequent purchaser. Uses of LESCO MERIT 0.2 Plus Turf Fertilizer other than those specified on this label are not licensed through the purchase of this product.

Information concerning the raw materials composing this product can be obtained by writing to: LESCO, Inc., Attn: RA Dept, 1385 East 36th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44114-4114, referring to the item number found on this bag.

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at <http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm>

Poly Plus is comprised of Polymer Coated Sulfur Coated Urea.

MERIT is a registered trademark of Bayer. LESCO and Poly Plus are registered trademarks and the sweeping design is a trademark of LESCO Technologies, LLC. Cyclone and Spyrker are registered trademarks of Spyrker Spreaders, LLC. Lely is a registered trademark of C Van Der Lely N.V. Vicon is a registered trademark of Ransomes-Cushman-Ryan.

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Rev. 9/7/10 VT (022509)

Net Weight: 50 lb (22.7 kg)

#082107

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LebanonTurf

Country Club 24-0-10

Fertilizer SOP and 0.5% Iron



A premium, homogeneous fertilizer based on Meth-Ex 40 methylene urea complex and produced by LebanonTurf's exclusive Composite Technology® granulation process.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N) 24%

- 1.3% Ammoniacal Nitrogen
- 5.4% Water Insoluble Nitrogen
- 4.3% Urea Nitrogen
- 13.0% Other Water Soluble Nitrogen

Soluble Potash (K₂O) 10%

- Magnesium (Mg) 1.8%
- 1.8% Water Soluble Magnesium (Mg)
- Sulfur (S) 6.5%
- 6.5% Combined Sulfur (S)

Iron (Fe) 0.5%

- 0.05% Water Soluble Iron (Fe)

Manganese (Mn) 0.5%

- 0.5 Water Soluble Manganese (Mn)

Chlorine (Cl) not more than 2.0%

Derived from: Ammonium Sulfate, Methylene Ureas, Urea, Sulfate of Potash, Sulfate of Potash Magnesia, Ferrous Oxide, Ferrous Sulfate, Manganese Sulfate

Notice: This product contains the secondary nutrient Iron which may stain concrete surfaces. To avoid discoloration, do not apply on dry or water dampened concrete and remove from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash off with water.

Uses & Features:

Country Club 24-0-10 is a premium homogeneous fertilizer that has been sized and formulated for greens, tees, and other closely mowed turf. Country Club contains WIN (23%) and controlled release nitrogen (77%). Sulfate of potash provides potash in a safe and effective form. Also provides sulfur in its combined sulfate state, an essential nutrient form for good turf color. Iron and Manganese are provided largely in the sulfate form for increased plant availability. Formulated with LebanonTurf's Composite Technology, slow-release nitrogen ingredients, Meth-Ex 40 are fused with phosphorous, potassium and micronutrients, creating a completely homogeneous compounded microgranule.

Specifications:

Product Number: 21-42756
Packaged: 50 LB. Bag, 45 bags/pallet

Rates & Spreader Settings:

Lbs N/M	Lbs per 1,000	Lbs Required for One Acre	Acres Per One Ton	Sq.Ft. Covered Per Bag	Product Required for 25 Acres
0.75	3.1	136	14.7	16,000	68 bags
1.0	4.2	182	11.0	12,000	91 bags
1.5	6.2	272	7.3	8,000	136 bags

Suggested Spreader	Rates in Lbs/1,000 Sq. Ft.	
	4.2	2.1
LebanonTurf Spreader	2	1
ProScope® SS/PrizeLAWN® BF-1/SS/CBR III	H	D
PennMulch® HVO/PrizeLAWN® BF-HVO	H	D
Earthway Rotary	12	10
Lesco (letter dial/numeric dial)	G / 16	D / 14
Scotts AccuPro 2000/SR-2000	G	E
Scotts R8A Rotary	J	G
Scotts R7X Rotary	E	C

These settings were calibrated and field tested. However, age and condition of spreader, speed of operation, and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.



JOHN DEERE
GOLF

Always Read and Follow Label Directions

Country Club is a registered trademarks of Lebanon Seaboard Corporation
www.LebanonTurf.com • 1-800-233-0628

LebanonTurf

Country Club 19-0-19

Fertilizer SOP and 1.3 Iron



A premium, homogeneous fertilizer based on Meth-Ex 40 methylene urea complex and produced by LebanonTurf's exclusive Composite Technology® granulation process.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

- Total Nitrogen (N)** **19%**
 - 2.5% Ammoniacal Nitrogen
 - 3.6% Water Insoluble Nitrogen
 - 4.2% Urea Nitrogen
 - 8.7% Other Water Soluble Nitrogen
- Soluble Potash (K₂O)** **19%**
- Sulfur (S) 9.0%
 - 9.0% Combined Sulfur (S)
- Iron (Fe) 1.3%
 - 0.1% Water Soluble Iron (Fe)
- Manganese (Mn) 0.6%
 - 0.6 Water Soluble Manganese (Mn)
- Chlorine (Cl) not more than 2.0%

Derived from: Ammonium Sulfate, Methylene Ureas, Urea, Sulfate of Potash, Ferrous Oxide, Ferrous Sulfate, Manganese Sulfate

Notice: This product contains the secondary nutrient Iron which may stain concrete surfaces. To avoid discoloration, do not apply on dry or water dampened concrete and remove from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash off with water.

Uses & Features:

Country Club 19-0-19 is a premium homogeneous fertilizer that has been sized and formulated as a 1:1 N:K product for greens, tees, and other closely mowed turf, where potash and nitrogen are delivered at the same rate. Country Club contains WIN (19%) and controlled release nitrogen (65%). Sulfate of potash provides potash in a safe and effective form. Also provides sulfur in its combined sulfate state, an essential nutrient form for good turf color. Iron and Manganese are provided largely in the sulfate form for increased plant availability. Formulated with LebanonTurf's Composite Technology, slow-release nitrogen ingredients, Meth-Ex 40 are fused with phosphorous, potassium and micronutrients, creating a completely homogeneous compounded microgranule.

Specifications:

Product Number: 21-42758
 Packaged: 50 LB. Bag, 45 bags/pallet

Rates & Spreader Settings:

Lbs N/M	Lbs per 1,000	Lbs Required for One Acre	Acres Per One Ton	Sq.Ft. Covered Per Bag	Product Required for 25 Acres
0.5	2.6	115	17.4	19,000	57 bags
1.0	5.3	229	8.7	9,500	115 bags
1.5	7.9	344	5.8	6,300	172 bags

Suggested Spreader	Rates in Lbs/1,000 Sq. Ft.	
	5.3	2.6
LebanonTurf Spreader	3.5	1.5
ProScape® SS/PrizeLAWN® BF-1/SS/CBR III	J	F
PennMulch® HVO/PrizeLAWN® BF-HVO	J	F
Earthway Rotary	12	10.5
Lesco (letter dial/numeric dial)	H / 17	D / 14
Scotts AccuPro 2000/SR-2000	H	E
Scotts R8A Rotary	K	G
Scotts R7X Rotary	F	D

These settings were calibrated and field tested. However, age and condition of spreader, speed of operation, and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.



**JOHN DEERE
GOLF**

Always Read and Follow Label Directions

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VENDOR PREFERENCE CERTIFICATE

Certification and application* is hereby made for Preference in accordance with *West Virginia Code*, §5A-3-37. (Does not apply to construction contracts). *West Virginia Code*, §5A-3-37, provides an opportunity for qualifying vendors to request (at the time of bid) preference for their residency status. Such preference is an evaluation method only and will be applied only to the cost bid in accordance with the *West Virginia Code*. This certificate for application is to be used to request such preference. The Purchasing Division will make the determination of the Resident Vendor Preference, if applicable.

1. **Application is made for 2.5% resident vendor preference for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder is an individual resident vendor and has resided continuously in West Virginia for four (4) years immediately preceding the date of this certification; **or**,
 _____ Bidder is a partnership, association or corporation resident vendor and has maintained its headquarters or principal place of business continuously in West Virginia for four (4) years immediately preceding the date of this certification; **or** 80% of the ownership interest of Bidder is held by another individual, partnership, association or corporation resident vendor who has maintained its headquarters or principal place of business continuously in West Virginia for four (4) years immediately preceding the date of this certification; **or**,
 _____ Bidder is a nonresident vendor which has an affiliate or subsidiary which employs a minimum of one hundred state residents and which has maintained its headquarters or principal place of business within West Virginia continuously for the four (4) years immediately preceding the date of this certification; **or**,
2. **Application is made for 2.5% resident vendor preference for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder is a resident vendor who certifies that, during the life of the contract, on average at least 75% of the employees working on the project being bid are residents of West Virginia who have resided in the state continuously for the two years immediately preceding submission of this bid; **or**,
3. **Application is made for 2.5% resident vendor preference for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder is a nonresident vendor employing a minimum of one hundred state residents or is a nonresident vendor with an affiliate or subsidiary which maintains its headquarters or principal place of business within West Virginia employing a minimum of one hundred state residents who certifies that, during the life of the contract, on average at least 75% of the employees or Bidder's affiliate's or subsidiary's employees are residents of West Virginia who have resided in the state continuously for the two years immediately preceding submission of this bid; **or**,
4. **Application is made for 5% resident vendor preference for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder meets either the requirement of both subdivisions (1) and (2) or subdivision (1) and (3) as stated above; **or**,
5. **Application is made for 3.5% resident vendor preference who is a veteran for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder is an individual resident vendor who is a veteran of the United States armed forces, the reserves or the National Guard and has resided in West Virginia continuously for the four years immediately preceding the date on which the bid is submitted; **or**,
6. **Application is made for 3.5% resident vendor preference who is a veteran for the reason checked:**
 _____ Bidder is a resident vendor who is a veteran of the United States armed forces, the reserves or the National Guard, if, for purposes of producing or distributing the commodities or completing the project which is the subject of the vendor's bid and continuously over the entire term of the project, on average at least seventy-five percent of the vendor's employees are residents of West Virginia who have resided in the state continuously for the two immediately preceding years.

Bidder understands if the Secretary of Revenue determines that a Bidder receiving preference has failed to continue to meet the requirements for such preference, the Secretary may order the Director of Purchasing to: (a) reject the bid; or (b) assess a penalty against such Bidder in an amount not to exceed 5% of the bid amount and that such penalty will be paid to the contracting agency or deducted from any unpaid balance on the contract or purchase order.

By submission of this certificate, Bidder agrees to disclose any reasonably requested information to the Purchasing Division and authorizes the Department of Revenue to disclose to the Director of Purchasing appropriate information verifying that Bidder has paid the required business taxes, provided that such information does not contain the amounts of taxes paid nor any other information deemed by the Tax Commissioner to be confidential.

Under penalty of law for false swearing (*West Virginia Code*, §61-5-3), Bidder hereby certifies that this certificate is true and accurate in all respects; and that if a contract is issued to Bidder and if anything contained within this certificate changes during the term of the contract, Bidder will notify the Purchasing Division in writing immediately.

Bidder: John Deere Landscapes

Signed: Margaret Dvorznak

Date: 10/15/10

Title: Margaret Dvorznak, Senior Bid Rep

*Check any combination of preference consideration(s) indicated above, which you are entitled to receive.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
Purchasing Division

PURCHASING AFFIDAVIT

West Virginia Code §5A-3-10a states: No contract or renewal of any contract may be awarded by the state or any of its political subdivisions to any vendor or prospective vendor when the vendor or prospective vendor or a related party to the vendor or prospective vendor is a debtor and the debt owed is an amount greater than one thousand dollars in the aggregate.

DEFINITIONS:

"Debt" means any assessment, premium, penalty, fine, tax or other amount of money owed to the state or any of its political subdivisions because of a judgment, fine, permit violation, license assessment, defaulted workers' compensation premium, penalty or other assessment presently delinquent or due and required to be paid to the state or any of its political subdivisions, including any interest or additional penalties accrued thereon.

"Debtor" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company or any other form or business association owing a debt to the state or any of its political subdivisions. "Political subdivision" means any county commission; municipality; county board of education; any instrumentality established by a county or municipality; any separate corporation or instrumentality established by one or more counties or municipalities, as permitted by law; or any public body charged by law with the performance of a government function or whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties or municipalities. "Related party" means a party, whether an individual, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company or any other form or business association or other entity whatsoever, related to any vendor by blood, marriage, ownership or contract through which the party has a relationship of ownership or other interest with the vendor so that the party will actually or by effect receive or control a portion of the benefit, profit or other consideration from performance of a vendor contract with the party receiving an amount that meets or exceeds five percent of the total contract amount.

EXCEPTION: The prohibition of this section does not apply where a vendor has contested any tax administered pursuant to chapter eleven of this code, workers' compensation premium, permit fee or environmental fee or assessment and the matter has not become final or where the vendor has entered into a payment plan or agreement and the vendor is not in default of any of the provisions of such plan or agreement.

Under penalty of law for false swearing (*West Virginia Code §61-5-3*), it is hereby certified that the vendor affirms and acknowledges the information in this affidavit and is in compliance with the requirements as stated.

WITNESS THE FOLLOWING SIGNATURE

Vendor's Name: John Deere Landscapes

Authorized Signature: Margaret Dwojnak Date: 10/15/10

State of Ohio

County of Cuyahoga, to-wit:

Taken, subscribed, and sworn to before me this 15th day of October, 2010.

My Commission expires February 22, 2011.

AFFIX SEAL HERE

NOTARY PUBLIC Monique Potts



MONIQUE POTTS
NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF OHIO
My Comm. Expires
February 22, 2011

